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Hongkong Daily Press.

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No. 19,579. 號九十七百五千九萬一第 日六廿月元年酉辛 HONGKONG, SATURDAY, MARCH 3RD, 1921. 六拜禮 號五月三年十國民華中 PRIOR, \$3 PER MONTH.

INTIMATIONS

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[59]

FRENCH LESSONS

G. MOUSSON,

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[40]

PEAK TRAMWAY CO. LIMITED.

TIME-TABLE.

WEEK DAYS

7.00 a.m.	8.00 a.m.	9.00 a.m.	10.00 a.m.	11.00 a.m.	12.00 noon	1.00 p.m.	2.00 p.m.	3.00 p.m.	4.00 p.m.	5.00 p.m.
8.00	9.00	10.00	11.00	12.00	1.00	2.00	3.00	4.00	5.00	6.00

WEEKENDS

7.30 a.m.	8.30 a.m.	9.30 a.m.	10.30 a.m.	11.30 a.m.	12.30 noon	1.30 p.m.	2.30 p.m.	3.30 p.m.	4.30 p.m.	5.30 p.m.
8.30	9.30	10.30	11.30	12.30	1.30	2.30	3.30	4.30	5.30	6.30

SPECIAL CARS by arrangement at the Company's Office, Alexandra Buildings, Des Voeux Road.

Season and punch tickets available for all cars, not subject to full, running at the time stated in the Company's time-tables, but not for special cars can be obtained on application at the Company's Office. No season ticket will be issued until payment therefor has been made in Bank Notes or by Cheques or Comptroller Order representing 24 Real Notes.

[58]

KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY.

TIME-TABLE.

On and after MONDAY, JANUARY 24th, 1921, until further Notice.
(All previous Time Tables cancelled.)

DOWN TRAINS

Stations	No. 14 Local	No. 13 Local	No. 12 Through	No. 11 Through	No. 10 Through	No. 9 Through	No. 8 Through	No. 7 Through	No. 6 Through	No. 5 Through	No. 4 Through	No. 3 Through	No. 2 Through	No. 1 Through
CANTON (Tad Sha Tau) dep.	8.00	8.11	8.22	8.33	8.44	8.55	9.06	9.17	9.28	9.39	9.50	10.01	10.12	10.23
SHUE LUNG dep.	8.07	8.18	8.29	8.40	8.51	9.02	9.13	9.24	9.35	9.46	9.57	10.08	10.19	10.30
Shuen Chai dep.	8.14	8.25	8.36	8.47	8.58	9.09	9.20	9.31	9.42	9.53	10.04	10.15	10.26	10.37
Shuen Chai dep.	8.21	8.32	8.43	8.54	9.05	9.16	9.27	9.38	9.49	10.00	10.11	10.22	10.33	10.44
Shuen Chai dep.	8.28	8.39	8.50	9.01	9.12	9.23	9.34	9.45	9.56	10.07	10.18	10.29	10.40	10.51
Shuen Chai dep.	8.35	8.46	8.57	9.08	9.19	9.30	9.41	9.52	10.03	10.14	10.25	10.36	10.47	10.58
Shuen Chai dep.	8.42	8.53	9.04	9.15	9.26	9.37	9.48	9.59	10.10	10.21	10.32	10.43	10.54	11.05
Shuen Chai dep.	8.49	9.00	9.11	9.22	9.33	9.44	9.55	10.06	10.17	10.28	10.39	10.50	11.01	11.12
Shuen Chai dep.	8.56	9.07	9.18	9.29	9.40	9.51	10.02	10.13	10.24	10.35	10.46	10.57	11.08	11.19
Shuen Chai dep.	9.03	9.14	9.25	9.36	9.47	9.58	10.09	10.20	10.31	10.42	10.53	11.04	11.15	11.26
Shuen Chai dep.	9.10	9.21	9.32	9.43	9.54	10.05	10.16	10.27	10.38	10.49	11.00	11.11	11.22	11.33
Shuen Chai dep.	9.17	9.28	9.39	9.50	10.01	10.12	10.23	10.34	10.45	10.56	11.07	11.18	11.29	11.40
Shuen Chai dep.	9.24	9.35	9.46	9.57	10.08	10.19	10.30	10.41	10.52	11.03	11.14	11.25	11.36	11.47
Shuen Chai dep.	9.31	9.42	9.53	10.04	10.15	10.26	10.37	10.48	10.59	11.10	11.21	11.32	11.43	11.54
Shuen Chai dep.	9.38	9.49	10.00	10.11	10.22	10.33	10.44	10.55	11.06	11.17	11.28	11.39	11.50	12.01
Shuen Chai dep.	9.45	9.56	10.07	10.18	10.29	10.40	10.51	11.02	11.13	11.24	11.35	11.46	11.57	12.08
Shuen Chai dep.	9.52	10.03	10.14	10.25	10.36	10.47	10.58	11.09	11.20	11.31	11.42	11.53	12.04	12.15
Shuen Chai dep.	9.59	10.10	10.21	10.32	10.43	10.54	11.05	11.16	11.27	11.38	11.49	12.00	12.11	12.22
Shuen Chai dep.	10.06	10.17	10.28	10.39	10.50	11.01	11.12	11.23	11.34	11.45	11.56	12.07	12.18	12.29
Shuen Chai dep.	10.13	10.24	10.35	10.46	10.57	11.08	11.19	11.30	11.41	11.52	12.03	12.14	12.25	12.36
Shuen Chai dep.	10.20	10.31	10.42	10.53	11.04	11.15	11.26	11.37	11.48	11.59	12.10	12.21	12.32	12.43
Shuen Chai dep.	10.27	10.38	10.49	11.00	11.11	11.22	11.33	11.44	11.55	12.06	12.17	12.28	12.39	12.50
Shuen Chai dep.	10.34	10.45	10.56	11.07	11.18	11.29	11.40	11.51	12.02	12.13	12.24	12.35	12.46	12.57
Shuen Chai dep.	10.41	10.52	11.03	11.14	11.25	11.36	11.47	11.58	12.09	12.20	12.31	12.42	12.53	1.04
Shuen Chai dep.	10.48	10.59	11.10	11.21	11.32	11.43	11.54	12.05	12.16	12.27	12.38	12.49	1.00	1.11
Shuen Chai dep.	10.55	11.06	11.17	11.28	11.39	11.50	12.01	12.12	12.23	12.34	12.45	1.06	1.17	1.28
Shuen Chai dep.	11.02	11.13	11.24	11.35	11.46	11.57	12.08	12.19	12.30	12.41	1.02	1.13	1.24	1.35
Shuen Chai dep.	11.09	11.20	11.31	11.42	11.53	12.04	12.15	12.26	12.37	1.08	1.19	1.30	1.41	1.52
Shuen Chai dep.	11.16	11.27	11.38	11.49	12.00	12.11	12.22	12.33	1.04	1.15	1.26	1.37	1.48	1.59
Shuen Chai dep.	11.23	11.34	11.45	11.56	12.07	12.18	12.29	1.00	1.11	1.22	1.33	1.44	1.55	2.06
Shuen Chai dep.	11.30	11.41	11.52	12.03	12.14	12.25	1.06	1.17	1.28	1.39	1.50	2.01	2.12	2.23
Shuen Chai dep.	11.37	11.48	11.59	12.10	12.21	12.32	1.13	1.24	1.35	1.46	1.57	2.08	2.19	2.30
Shuen Chai dep.	11.44	11.55	12.06	12.17	12.28	1.00	1.11	1.22	1.33	1.44	1.55	2.06	2.17	2.28
Shuen Chai dep.	11.51	12.02	12.13	12.24	1.05	1.16	1.27	1.38	1.49	2.00	2.11	2.22	2.33	2.44
Shuen Chai dep.	11.58	12.09	12.20	1.01	1.12	1.23	1.34	1.45	1.56	2.07	2.18	2.29	2.40	2.51
Shuen Chai dep.	12.05	12.16	12.27	1.08	1.19	1.30	1.41	1.52	2.03	2.14	2.25	2.36	2.47	2.58
Shuen Chai dep.	12.12	12.23	12.34	1.15	1.26	1.37	1.48	1.59	2.10	2.21	2.32	2.43	2.54	3.05
Shuen Chai dep.	12.19	12.30	12.41	1.22	1.33	1.44	1.55	2.06	2.17	2.28	2.39	2.50	3.01	3.12
Shuen Chai dep.	12.26	12.37	12.48	1.29	1.40	1.51	2.02	2.13	2.24	2.35	2.46	2.57	3.08	3.19
Shuen Chai dep.	12.33	12.44	12.55	1.36	1.47	1.58	2.09	2.20	2.31	2.42	2.53	3.04	3.15	3.26
Shuen Chai dep.	12.40	12.51	1.02	1.43	1.54	2.05	2.16	2.27	2.38	2.49	3.00	3.11	3.22	3.33
Shuen Chai dep.	12.47	1.08	1.19	1.50	2.01	2.12	2.23	2.34	2.45	2.56	3.07	3.18	3.29	3.40
Shuen Chai dep.	12.54	1.15	1.26	2.07	2.18	2.29	2.40	2.51	3.02	3.13	3.24	3.35	3.46	3.57
Shuen Chai dep.	1.01	1.12	1.23	2.14	2.25	2.36	2.47	2.58	3.09	3.20	3.31	3.42	3.53	4.04
Shuen Chai dep.	1.08	1.19	1.30	2.21	2.32	2.43	2.54	3.05	3.16	3.27	3.38	3.49	4.00	4.11
Shuen Chai dep.	1.15	1.26	1.37	2.28	2.39	2.50	3.01	3.12	3.23	3.34	3.45	3.56	4.07	4.18
Shuen Chai dep.	1.22	1.33	1.44	2.35	2.46	2.57	3.08	3.19	3.30	3.41	3.52	4.03	4.14	4.25
Shuen Chai dep.	1.29	1.40	1.51	2.42	2.53	3.04	3.15	3.26	3.37	3.48	3.59	4.10	4.21	4.32
Shuen Chai dep.	1.36	1.47	1.58	2.49	3.00	3.11	3.22	3.33	3.44	3.55	4.06	4.17	4.28	4.39
Shuen Chai dep.	1.43	1.54	2.05	2.56	3.07	3.18	3.29	3.40	3.51	4.02	4.13	4.24	4.35	4.46
Shuen Chai dep.	1.50	2.01	2.12	3.03	3.14	3.25	3.36	3.47	3.58	4.09	4.20	4.31	4.42	4.53
Shuen Chai dep.	1.57	2.08	2.19	3.10	3.21	3.32	3.43	3.54	4.05	4.16	4.27	4.38	4.49	5.00
Shuen Chai dep.	2.04	2.15	2.26	3.17	3.28	3.39	3.50	4.01	4.12	4.23	4.34	4.45	4.56	5.07
Shuen Chai dep.	2.11	2.22	2.33	3.24	3.35	3.46	3.57	4.08	4.19	4.30	4.41	4.52	5.03	5.14
Shuen Chai dep.	2.18	2.29	2.40	3.31	3.42	3.53	4.04	4.15	4.26	4.37	4.48	4.59	5.10	5.21
Shuen Chai dep.	2.25	2.36	2.47	3.38	3.49	4.00	4.11	4.22	4.33	4.44	4.55	5.06	5.17	5.28
Shuen Chai dep.	2.32	2.43	2.54	3.45	3.56	4.07	4.18	4.29	4.40	4.51	5.02	5.13	5.24	5.35
Shuen Chai dep.	2.39	2.50	3.01	3.52	4.03	4.14	4.25	4.36	4.47	4.58	5.09	5.20	5.31	5.42
Shuen Chai dep.	2.46	2.57	3.08	3.59	4.10	4.21	4.32	4.43	4.54	5.05	5.16	5.27	5.38	5.49
Shuen Chai dep.	2.53	3.04	3.15	4.06	4.17	4.28	4.39	4.50	5.01	5.12	5.23	5.34	5.45	5.56
Shuen Chai dep.	3.00	3.11	3.22	4.13	4.24	4.35	4.46	4.57	5.08	5.19	5.30	5.41	5.52	6.03
Shuen Chai dep.	3.07	3.18	3.29	4.20	4.31	4.42	4.53	5.04	5.15	5.26	5.37	5.48	5.59	6.10
Shuen Chai dep.	3.14	3.25	3.36	4.27	4.38	4.49	5.00	5.11	5.22	5.33	5.44	5.55	6.06	6.17
Shuen Chai dep.	3.21	3.32	3.43	4.34	4.45	4.56	5.07	5.18	5.29	5.40	5.51	6.02	6.13	6.24
Shuen Chai dep.	3.28	3.39	3.50	4.41	4.52	5.03								

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TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!

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IN HONGKONG.
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THEATRE ROYAL.

Commencing MONDAY, 7th March, at 9.15 p.m.

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LONDON MUSICAL COMEDY CO.

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assisted by the

LONDON BEAUTY CHORUS

in the latest

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Friday & Saturday, 11th & 12th.	"CASTLES IN SPAIN"
Saturday, 12th, at 4.30 p.m.	"CASTLES IN SPAIN"

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Prices \$4, \$2 & \$1. MATINEE \$3, \$2 & \$1.

Soldiers, Sailors and Children Half-Price to Matinee only.

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SPORT.

FOOTBALL.

HONGKONG LEAGUE.

The following First Division matches are arranged for to-day:—

Hongkong Club v. H.M.S. Ambrose, Club ground, 4.30 p.m. Referee, Mr. Masters.

H.M.S. Tamar v. R.G.A. Navy "A" ground, 4.30 p.m. Referee, Mr. Chetsey.

S.C.A. v. Kowloon, S.C.A. ground, 4.30 p.m. Referee, Mr. Leaf.

The Second Division programme was issued yesterday.

The Club receive the Ambrose on the Club ground, and a very even game should be seen. Savage, the Navy winger, will be out assisting his team, and with the inclusion of several old players the sailors should give a better display than they did at their last match with the Club, when they went down by 7 goals to nil, the record for the Senior Division this season. The Club will turn out the same team as played against the R.G.A. last week, and it is expected that they will win.

The Tamar are at home to the Artillery on the Navy "A" ground, where a good tussle should be seen. The sailors will be out to reverse the result of the last game between the two teams when they lost to the soldiers by 3 goals to 1. The Tamar have been holding a very good side of late, and their three inside forwards playing for the Navy against the Army gave a very good display. The R.G.A. will be out to take the points and are expected to just get home.

The S.C.A. and Kowloon will do battle on the S.C.A. ground. A very fast game should see the Chinese winners. Kowloon were very unlucky to lose their Shield match with St. Joseph's College, and during the second half they had practically all the play. They entered a protest against the College playing unregistered men, but it was ruled out.

A Shield match was down for to-day between St. Joseph's College and the Titania, on the Club ground, but the match has been postponed until March 12th.

In the Junior division a good game should be seen between St. Joseph's and Kowloon Reserves. The College team have been absent from League football for a month and are now four matches behind. The game should end in a win for St. Joseph's.

The United should win against the Punjabis.

The Staffs receive the Club Reserves at Sookpoo, and, providing that the Club turn out a full side, an interesting game should be seen.

The Carlsberg being out of port their match with the R.G.A. Reserves is postponed.

HONGKONG F.C. v. H.M.S. "AMBROSE"

The following will represent the Club against H.M.S. Ambrose to-day (kick-off, 4.30 p.m. sharp):—G. Rodger, W. Gerrard and L. Lawrence; M. L. Ralston, B. Rodger and J. W. R. McPhail; J. B. Hamilton, H. McTavish, M. Sandberg, S. Begg and H. Day.

KOWLOON v. S. CHINA ATHLETIC.

The following team has been selected to represent Kowloon F.C. in their 1st Division League engagement to-day, on the South China ground, at 4.30 p.m.:—W. Crocker; F. Wheeler and T. L. Knight; J. Coupland, J. Mair and B. Pasco; W. Taylor, O. Millard, R. Townsend; F. Evelyn and P. R. Beeley.

KOWLOON v. ST. JOSEPH'S.

In this 2nd division match on St. Joseph's ground, to-day, (kick-off 4.30 p.m.) Kowloon will be represented by: W. Muskett; A. Spary and S. Adams; C. Stewart, S. Hewer and R. Roberts; E. Donovan, A. Palmer, J. Coombs, K. Mason and A. Estorle. Reserve: H. Frewin.

UNITED v. PUNJABIS.

The following will represent the United in the above match to-day on the Navy "B" ground (kick-off, 3 p.m.):—W. McLeod, A. E. Simmons and D. D. Urquhart; J. Leonard, D. Laing and Wm. Baker; J. Kent, P. Brown, G. T. May, C. H. Blake and Geo. Chubb.

RIFLE SHOOTING.

The following are the scores in a match shot off between H.M.S. Tamar and Wiltz "D" Co. at the King's Park Range on the 3rd instant, resulting in a win for H.M.S. Tamar:—

	200	500	600	Total
Mr. Clemow	45	43	38	126
" Snell	45	43	33	121
" Ravenscroft	38	42	31	111
" Botting	34	37	37	108
" Brazendale	43	38	22	103
" Helman	40	36	26	102
" Allen	34	38	28	100
" Patey	37	26	36	99
Total				870

	200	500	600	Total
Mr. Lancaster	41	43	33	117
" L. C. Smith	41	38	31	110
" Mayne	40	37	32	109
" Holloway	42	31	30	103
" Cotnam	34	37	31	102
" H. S. Smith	31	28	33	92
" Gilling	34	32	30	96
" Wright	30	24	24	78
Total				789

(Continued at foot of next column.)

ROUF OF RACE PONIES.

SOME GOOD PRICES REALISED.

Mr. F. C. M. Hurley, of Messrs. Hughes & Hough, last evening conducted a sale of many of the ponies which took part in the race meeting the previous week. Perhaps owing to forage difficulties prices ruled moderate; it was noticeable, also, that some ponies which brought thousands of dollars to their lucky backers last week, changed hands for very small sums, while others, which never emerged from the obscurity of the "also-rans" at the race meeting, were now eagerly competed for. The following are the particulars of the sale:—

Pan Tile, purchased by Mr. Ellis	25
White Tile, purchased by Mr. Ellis	25
Grey Tile, purchased by Mr. Bowen	25
Grey Tile, purchased by Mr. Bowen	25
Canasoon, purchased by Mr. Chen	30
North, purchased by Mr. Ellis	30
South, purchased by Mr. Chen	30
East, purchased by Mr. Silva	40
West, purchased by Mr. Chen	40
Now or Never, purchased by Mr. Chen	30
Sleepy Hiccoughs, purchased by Mr. Ellis	25
Jazz King, purchased by Mr. Chen	25
Jamboree King, purchased by Mr. Chen	30
Caligula, purchased by Mr. Yates	75
Square Measure, purchased by Mr. Guttierrez	40
Gharra, purchased by Mr. Chen	25
Ahravan, purchased by Mr. Chen	25
Shen, purchased by Mr. Chen	20
Sepand, purchased by Mr. Chen	20
Myrtle Dahlia, purchased by Mr. Holbrook	60
Black Bird Dahlia, purchased by Mr. Remedios	55
Evergreen, purchased by Mr. Chen	20
Coniston, purchased by Capt. Oxspring	65
Grey Friar, purchased by Mr. Chen	40
Black Friar, purchased by Mr. Chen	55
Frankton, purchased by Mr. B. Basto	160
Field Child, purchased by Mr. Pentreath	60
Valley Child, purchased by Mr. Stewart	45
Saverake, purchased by Mr. Seth	45
Adversari, purchased by Mr. Remedios	35
Remedios, purchased by Hon. Mr. Holbrook	55
Beldor, purchased by Capt. Oxspring	150
Dahlia, purchased by Mr. Chen	290
Mountain Mist, purchased by Mr. Rock	80
Tweedledum, purchased by Mr. B. Basto	85
Tweedledee, purchased by Mr. Finlay	50
Cowichan, passed in	30
Neston, withdrawn	
Shooting Star, purchased by Mr. Thompson	35
Don Carlos, purchased by Mr. Pentreath	35
Don Pedro, purchased by Mr. Chen	30
Don Juan, withdrawn	
Beggar King, purchased by R. M. Lyster	55
Timour, purchased by Mr. Toppo	270
Knight Errant, purchased by Mr. Chen	20
Seven Dials, purchased by Mr. Chen	30
Scottie, purchased by Mr. T. W. Mok	40
King Harry, purchased by Mr. C. H. Blason	40
Phenacetin, passed in	25
Manor King, purchased by Mr. Harriman	35
Muscovite King, purchased by Mr. P. C. Potts	300
Only Hope, purchased by Mr. Ho Shun	30
Last Chance, purchased by Mr. Chee Ling	30
Romanos, purchased by Mr. Braxfield	65
White House, purchased by Capt. Oxspring	80
Brown House, purchased by Mr. Blood	65
Polo Pony (grey), no bid	
Polo Pony (dun), purchased by Mr. Chen	25
Turf King, purchased by Mr. T. W. Mok	30
Barley Sugar, purchased by Capt. Oxspring	35
Black pony, purchased by Comm. Stopped	55
Bay pony, purchased by Mr. Mok	40

INDO-CHINA RAILWAYS.

PROPOSED LOTTERY LOAN.

The Chamber of Deputies has passed a Bill authorizing the Government of Indo-China to issue a 6,000,000 piastres lottery loan, for the purpose of constructing the projected railway from the port of Dong-hoi (Annam) to Vinh-long (on the Makong River, lower Cochin-China). The Bill is now before the Senate.—French Wireless.

WHIST DRIVE.

A very successful Whist Drive was held at the Catholic Men's Club on Thursday evening. Though the weather was far from favourable, the players present. The following were the prize-winners:—Ladies: 1. Mrs. Holdman (170); 2. Mrs. Selwood (168); 3. Mrs. Lamerton (165); 4. Mrs. Crouch (164); 5. Mrs. Jones (177); 6. Mrs. Horgan (170); 7. Mrs. Spanton (174); 8. Mrs. Pinches performed the duties of M.C., and the prizes were presented by Mr. R. W. Brown.

PEACE MEMORIAL SCHOLARSHIPS.

SPLENDID GIFT TO SHANGHAI BY ANONYMOUS DONOR.

The Shanghai Municipal Gazette contains information relative to the gift by an anonymous donor of scrip for £15,500 bearer debentures of the S.M.C. sterling loan of 1920 for the purpose of establishing two scholarships to be competed for by British boys of unmixed descent resident at the time of their candidature in China or Hongkong and whose parents, or one of them, shall have resided in China or Hongkong for a period of at least three years. The above mentioned sum has been dedicated in perpetuity for the purpose of establishing these scholarships, which are to be known as the Peace Memorial Scholarships, and their object is to encourage British boys to turn to the laboratory, workshop or the land in preference to the routine of the counting house and the office.

The terms of the indenture, which is published show that the chairman and secretary of the Council have been appointed trustees, and the scholarships are to be awarded, one for electrical engineering and/or chemistry, and the other for practical farming and/or horticulture. The two scholarships are to be of a triennial value of £1,915 out of which the candidate will be furnished with a first-class passage from China to the country in which he elects to study, and an annual sum of £300 payable in quarterly instalments, any balance at the end of the three years being paid to the prizeman.

The matriculation examination of the Hongkong University has been chosen for the test and the first two scholarships are to be awarded as the result of the matriculation examination of December of this year, and thereafter every third year from 1921.

Candidates who are not above 20 years of age on July 1st of the year in which the examination is held are eligible and a successful candidate will have to submit the name of the university at which he proposes to study for approval by the trustees.

SHANGHAI COTTON MILLS.

IMPORTANT AMALGAMATION SCHEME.

A highly important scheme is in contemplation, the *N. C. Daily News* says, for the amalgamation into one company of the following:—Ewo Cotton Spinning and Weaving Co., Ltd.; Kung Yik Cotton Spinning and Weaving Co., Ltd.; Yangtzeppoo Cotton Mill, Ltd. The consulting committee of these companies have this scheme under consideration, and the new company to be called Ewo Cotton Mills, Ltd. Details will shortly be circulated to shareholders.

THE MECHANICS ASSOCIATION OF CANTON.

The Governor of Canton has given a donation of \$10,000 to the Mechanics Association of Canton. We learn from our Shanghai contemporary that the association owns its own building, several stories in height, in Honan, which is well equipped with an auditorium, an exhibition room, a room for translating news concerning mechanical engineering, a night school for its members, besides many places for amusement, such as an athletic field, a billiard room, a music room, a swimming pool and a gymnasium. Mutual help is aimed at by the Association and everything is done to secure employment for those who are out of work. Recently a contract for a large company of mechanics for the Dutch Indies has been concluded by the Association. The contract provides that the mechanics shall work only 8 hours a day with Sundays and holidays off, while in case of illness, hospital bills will be borne by the company employing them. The wages for each workman is 120 guilders per month which, at the present rate of exchange, is about \$100 Canton currency.

HONGKONG VOLUNTEER DEFENCE CORPS.

ORDERS BY LIEUT. COL. L. G. BIRD, D.S.O., ADMINISTRATIVE COMMANDANT.

PARADES.
Parades for week ending March 12th will be held in accordance with programme of work.
The Corps will parade on Monday, March 21st, at 5.30 p.m., at Volunteer Headquarters. Attendance strong as possible.
Dress: Drill order with helmets.

MUSKetry.

The Artillery Company will fire Part II. on Sunday, March 13th, at King's Park Range, at 10 a.m.
Officer for duty: Lieut. J. S. McCann.
NOTICE.
Parade at Polo ground, Causeway Bay, on Friday, March 11th, at 5.30 p.m.
Dress: Optional.

CADET COMPANY.

The Company will parade at Headquarters on Tuesday, March 8th, at 5.30 p.m.—Dress: Drill order.
At this parade the prizes won by members of the Company in the recent shooting competition will be presented by Lieut. Col. L. G. Bird, D.S.O.
G. F. E. RAPSON, Lt.-Major, Adjutant, H.K.V.D.C.

NOTICE.

Members are reminded that the annual smoking concert and distribution of shooting prizes takes place at Headquarters on Monday, March 14th, commencing at 9.15 p.m. (instead of Friday, March 11th, as previously arranged). Dress for prize winners, uniform; remainder optional. Tickets for concert can be obtained from Headquarters.
Hongkong, March 4th, 1921.

Table Troubles.

How very few people there are who can sit down to table at every mealtime, and eat and enjoy, without discomfort to follow, whatever is put before them.

Nearly all of us are, at times, a little "faddy." Probably, it isn't the cooking which is at fault, and probably the food is good, but almost without our knowing it, the stomach revolts, because it is not able to digest this or that kind of food easily and naturally.

Yes! The stomach is at fault! For some reason or other it has lost some of its efficiency, some of its wonderful natural power to change the food we eat into nourishment for the building up of our bodily strength.

When this is the case with your stomach needs the help of the well-tried and reliable digestive tonic and stomach strengthener, Mother Seigel's Syrup. This digestive tonic, which is made from the medicinal extracts of more than ten varieties of roots, barks and herbs, and a truly remarkable effect on the organs of digestion—the stomach, liver and bowels—toning and strengthening them so that they are fully capable of performing their important functions, naturally and without strain.

When Mother Seigel's Syrup has restored these organs to a healthy state of activity, the morbidities due to stomach and liver troubles are entirely avoided.

This world-famous remedy has been tried with success by countless thousands of people who know from experience that Mother Seigel's Syrup banishes stomach and liver troubles in a natural way and restores their return. As a ready means of banishing and preventing pains after eating, acidity, flatulence, headaches and other troubles which arise from a disordered state of the stomach, it has no serious competition. Mother Seigel's Syrup is of equal value where the liver is concerned. Former sufferers from biliousness, hiccups, headaches, constipation, and other troubles due to a disordered or inactive liver, have been freed from these ailments and kept in health by the use of this established liver regulator.

For fifty years, Mother Seigel's Syrup has been the favourite family remedy in the homes of the people throughout the British Empire, and today, it is more firmly established in popular favour than ever before.

If you suffer from stomach or liver trouble, take Mother Seigel's Syrup daily, after meals, for a while, and note the wonderful change—an increase in appetite, the absence of pain after your meals, and the general improvement in your health, strength and vitality.

When buying, be sure you get the genuine Mother Seigel's Syrup, the stomach and liver tonic with fifty years' reputation behind it.

P. & O. S. N. CO.

STEAMERS FOR

STRAITS, COLOMBO, AUSTRALIA, BOMBAY, EGYPT, MEDITERRANEAN PORTS & LONDON.

Through Bills of Lading issued for Batavia, Persian Gulf, Continental, American, and South African Ports.

THE Steamship "DILWARA," Captain Babb, carrying His Majesty's Mail, will be despatched from this Port on or about THURSDAY, the 10th, MARCH, 1921, taking Passengers and Cargo for the above Ports.

Silk and Valuable and Tea for Italy, France and London (under arrangement) will be transhipped at Bombay in the Mail Steamer proceeding direct to Marseilles and London.

Parcels will be received at this Office until 3 p.m., the day before sailing. The contents and value of all packages are required.

For further particulars apply to—

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO., Agents.

Hongkong, February 28th, 1921.

LONDON SELLING AGENTS

TEA, INDIGO, FIBRES, BRISTLES, OILSEED, HIDES & SKINS, RUBBER, DRUGS, COTTON, WOOL, ORES, MICA, GUMS, AND GENERAL PRODUCE.

Sold on commission in British and Continental Markets.

Sample values sent for consignments indicated.

KEYMER, SON & CO., (Import Dept.) Whitehall, London.

Telegrams, "Keymer, London" Est. 1844.

Keep fit!

It's the regular morning glass of ENO'S that is most beneficial to mind and body and gives the normal, healthy outlook for the day ahead.



ENO'S FRUIT SALT

Sparkling, Refreshing, Cleansing, SOLD THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.

Prepared only by J. C. ENO, Ltd., Fruit Salt Works, London, Eng.

101.

MANY CHANGES HAVE BEEN MADE

in the manufacture of glass; one of the most important is that invented by Sir William Crookes, who, as the result of numerous experiments, combining glass with various metals, has succeeded in producing a material which cuts off 98 per cent. of the infra-red or heat rays together with the ultra-violet or chemical rays—called Sir William Crookes' Glass. Crookes' lenses of any prescription in either regular or Toric form are manufactured by the Hongkong Optical Co., Successors to Clark & Co., Manufacturing & Refracting Opticians—the most competent manufacturing optical establishment in the Colony—located in 52, Queen's Road Central.—Advt.

102.

COMPANY MEETING.

MESSRS. A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.

The 36th annual ordinary general meeting of Messrs. A. S. Watson & Co., Ltd. (since its registration), was held at the Hongkong Hotel, yesterday morning.

Mr. Henry Humphreys presided and was supported by the Hon. Sir Paul Chater, C.M.G., Mr. J. Scott Harrison and Mr. H. P. White (Directors) and Mr. J. A. Tarrant (Secretary). The following shareholders were present:—Messrs. W. D. Northcote, J. D. Humphreys, W. D. Jubb, D. E. Clark, F. Whynes, W. S. Stapleton, J. M. Wong, G. Rapp and W. Stapleton.

After the Secretary had read the notice convening the meeting, the Chairman said:—Gentlemen,—It is gratifying to me to come before you with such a favourable account, unquestionably the best in the history of the Company. Larger dividends have been paid in years gone by, but never have larger profits been made. It is to the more conservative policy adopted in recent years of appropriating much larger sums than formerly for depreciation that the improved position of the Company financially, and otherwise, is to some extent due.

The high rate of exchange ruling during the period under review has undoubtedly helped us. The accounts call for very little comment from me. Nevertheless, there is one item in the balance sheet which I should like to refer to, viz., "Good debts due from customers." This shows an increase of £70,000. It would seem at first sight that our ordinary customers are owing us that much more money than the previous year, but such is not altogether the case. In 1929 we converted our Chinese branches outside Hongkong into agencies. The amounts owing by these branches used to figure in the assets under the heading of "Stocks in Trade." They now, as agencies, appear under the heading of "Good debts due from customers," and this largely accounts for the increase in question.

You will, I feel sure, approve of a somewhat larger sum than usual being appropriated for the benefit of the staff provident fund. Such bonuses have previously been allotted to members of the fund *pro rata* according to length of service, members who have had less than approximately one year's service not participating. We propose to adopt the same procedure on this occasion.

Mr. NORTHCOTE: I have much pleasure in endorsing the motion for the adoption of the report and accounts.

The resolution of the Hon. Sir Paul Chater, C.M.G., and Messrs. J. Scott Harrison and H. P. White as directors was carried *unanimously* on the motion of the Chairman, seconded by Capt. Ritchie.

Mr. H. Greenwood and Mr. C. Bernard Brown were elected Auditors of the Company for the ensuing year at a remuneration of \$500 each.

The Chairman: That is all the business, gentlemen, and I thank you for your attendance. Dividend cheques are now ready and may be had on application to the Company's Office.

COMPANY REPORT.

CHINA SUGAR REFINING CO., LTD.

The report of the General Agents (Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd.) for the year ending 31st December, 1929, states:—

The working account for the year 1929, after adding \$33,806.77 brought forward from the previous year, shows a credit balance of \$2,009,741.11, out of which an interim dividend of \$15 per share was paid on 21st August last. The General Agents and the Consulting Committee recommend the following further appropriation:—

Interim Dividend of \$15 per share	300,000.00
To share to Sugar Fluctuation Account	700,000.00
place to Equalisation of Dividend Fund	300,000.00
place to Employees' Provident Fund	100,000.00
place to Building Reserve	140,000.00
write off Patent Rights	50,000.00
pay a Bonus to Staff	30,000.00
pay a Final Dividend of \$85 per share	1,300,000.00
carry forward to the new account	75,781.11
	\$2,908,741.11

The Consulting Committee consists of Hon. Sir Paul Chater, Kt., C.M.G., Messrs. J. Matheson, A. O. Lang, and H. P. White, who offer themselves for re-election.

The accounts have been audited by Messrs. H. Percy Smith, F.C.A., and A. R. Lowe, F.C.A., who offer themselves for re-election.

THE BANVARD COMPANY.

AT THE THEATRE ROYAL.

Mr. W. Banvard will introduce his London Musical Comedy Company to the Hongkong public, on Monday next, the 8th instant, when they will make their first appearance at the Theatre Royal. The company will appear here for a short season only and present a well-selected repertoire of the latest London musical comedy successes among which are "Plums for Picking," "Girls and Giggles," "Castles in Spain," "Peaches and Cream," "Harem Belles," and "Coming Down." These comedies have enjoyed long runs in England and contain a mild interesting plot, built for laughter only, and the action is interrupted time after time by a delightful song or dance number with the London Beauty Chorus in the foreground. Brand new scenery is carried for each musical comedy, specially painted by Craven and Brunskill, London. Banvard's London Musical Comedy Co. is an organisation of twenty-five artists, who have already established themselves as prime favourites with the theatre-going public in India, Ceylon, Burma and the Straits. The opening show will be Messrs. Melvin and Hedlow's successful musical comedy "Plums for Picking." For repertoire see advertisement. Booking is now open at Moutrie's.

LETTERS OF THANKS.

HONGKONG WOMEN'S GUILD.

MINISTERING CHILDREN'S LEAGUE.

Mrs. Lewis, Hon. Treasurer and Secretary for the Hongkong Women's Guild and Ministering Children's League, has received the following letters of thanks:—

106 Claremont St., London W9.
Mrs. Moss, Hon. Central Secretary and Treasurer of the Ministering Children's League, has much pleasure in acknowledging the kind contribution of £334.13.7 being the equivalent at the current rate of exchange of \$2,000 from the Hongkong Women's Guild and Ministering Children's League.

3, Robert Street, Adelphi, London.
18th January, 1931.

Dear MADAM,—I am directed by the Committee of the Royal Soldiers' Daughters' Home, Hampstead, London, to acknowledge the receipt of £107.8.3, being the amount of a further donation from the Hongkong Guild and Ministering Children's League, which you have so kindly sent in aid of the General Funds of this Institution.

I beg that you will accept for yourself, and would ask you to be good enough to convey to the various members of the H.W.G. and M.C.L. Committee, and grateful and sincere thanks.—I am, faithfully yours.

O. F. Davis (Major), Secretary.

Admiralty House, Portsmouth.
18th January, 1931.

Dear MADAM,—I have much pleasure in acknowledging the receipt of a draft for £107.8.3, being a contribution to the Trafalgar Orphan Fund from the Hongkong Women's Guild and Ministering Children's League, and shall be glad if you will convey to the members of that Institute my sincere thanks for their generous contribution.—Yours faithfully,
(Sgd.) ARTHUR CALTHORP (Admiral).

ORPHAN HOMES OF SCOTLAND.
Bridge of Weir,
18th January, 1931.

Dear FRIEND,—At the beginning of another year we are greatly cheered by the renewed help you have forwarded from the members of the Hongkong Women's Guild and Ministering Children's League on behalf of the fatherless little ones under our care. I hope you will convey to all who have shared in this splendid gift of £344.4 our very grateful thanks, and assure them of our heartfelt appreciation.—With every good wish, I am, yours in behalf of the children.

(Sgd.) MARY QUARRIE.

CAPT. FRYATT MEMORIAL FUND.
The Arcade, Liverpool,
18th January, 1931.

Dear MADAM,—I am in receipt of your letter of the 7th ultimo enclosing draft for £107.8.3, being a contribution from your League to the Capt. Fryatt Memorial Fund.

I have much pleasure in enclosing receipt herewith, and I beg to state that I have placed this sum to the credit of the Children's section of the Fund, as on previous occasions. I find, on going into the matter, that we have received from you now no less than £1,254.5.0, and I desire, again to express to your Committee and yourself our most grateful thanks for all you have done in contributing such magnificent donations to the Fund. These donations have enabled us to do an enormous amount of work in assisting the widows with the education and maintenance of their children and, as it happens, this particular section of our Fund had got very low at the time that your welcome contribution arrived.

If at any time your Committee would like to have some particulars of the great number of cases in which their contributions have enabled us to render assistance, we shall be pleased to send them.—Yours faithfully,
(Sgd.) T. W. MOORE.

Hon. Secretary, Capt. Fryatt Memorial Fund.

WARWICK COMEDY CO.

"WHEN WE WERE TWENTY-ONE."

"When we were twenty-one" was the Comedy presented by the Warwick Comedy Co. at the Theatre Royal, last night. Three elderly bachelors have been appointed guardians of the son of their deceased friend, and they are dismayed to learn that he has become infatuated with an actress of some notoriety in more ways than one. "The Imp," as the young fellow is called, has been engaged to the housekeeper's charming daughter, "Phyllis," and the hopes of his guardians had been centred on this marriage. The Imp stubbornly refuses to be dissuaded from marrying the actress, though "Dick Carewe," after whom he has been named, tries to show him the folly of the course he meditates by competing with the aid of his money for the stage star's favours. A former lover, however, comes upon the scene and young "Twenty-one" returns to reason.

The Company gave an excellent rendering of the play, the leading roles being taken by Miss Joan Mayne (as "Phyllis"), Mr. Thorpe-Mayne (as "Dick Carewe"), and Mr. Tom Fenwick (as "The Imp"). To-night, the Company present "Brown Sugar," which the company produced here for the first time in the East when they were here a short while back. It is fitting that "Brown Sugar" should have been selected for their farewell performance. The play has been the most uniformly successful production in the company's repertoire in the East. Shanghai insisted upon seeing it, we are told, no less than four times, and on each occasion the theatre was filled to overflowing. Miss Marjory Clark has made the part of Lady Sloane one of the outstanding ones of her successes and the rest of the company's support her in their various roles.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE

MURDER.

PRISONER FOUND "GUILTY."

DEATH SENTENCE PASSED.

At the Criminal Sessions, before the Acting Chief Justice (Mr. Justice Gompertz), yesterday, the trial was concluded of Tong Tim, the Government House coolie who was indicted for the murder, in a bathroom at Government House, of an amah named Chan Cheuk. During the week the evidence of 40 witnesses for the Crown has been heard.

The Attorney-General (Mr. J. H. Kemp, K.C.), prosecuted for the Crown, and Mr. G. C. Alabaster, O.B.E., defended.

THE DEFENCE.

Mr. Alabaster, in addressing the jury, reminded them that in all criminal cases, but most particularly in murder cases, it was an absolute principle of British justice that the prosecution must bring the charge home to the prisoner to the exclusion of all reasonable doubt. The Scottish verdict of "non-proven" did not exist in the Colony, but in all cases where a Scottish jury might return a verdict of "non-proven" the law of the Colony required a verdict of "not guilty." The jury had a great responsibility in this case; the ultimate responsibility for deciding the issues of fact was theirs, and theirs alone. On their judgment, their intelligence, their care, rested the decision of issues of fact of which the life of a human being depended; further, this responsibility was not collective but individual to each member of the jury. Each must decide whether the Crown had proved to the exclusion of all reasonable doubt that the prisoner murdered the deceased. They must not be influenced by possibilities or even probabilities; nothing but absolute certainty in their own minds and consciences would justify a verdict adverse to the prisoner. Applying these principles, he felt sure he could say the prosecution had completely failed. Counsel then proceeded to criticise the evidence in detail, pointing out that there was not a single important incident in the case which rested on the evidence of more than one witness, although forty witnesses had been called. Further, there was but one witness to prove that the prisoner ever saw the deceased that day and that was four or five hours before the murder. Only one witness, again, said he saw the accused after the murder, and that was over an hour after. This witness had changed his evidence on a most material point since he gave it at the Police Court. He was not a witness on whose evidence, therefore, it would be safe to act. Counsel referred to the fact that prisoner was the greatest friend of the deceased at Government House and said that friendship could never be regarded as indicative of guilt. The Crown had suggested robbery as a motive, yet all the money found among the prisoner's effects was accounted for in other ways, and there was no sign among his effects of the big sum of money the deceased was believed to be carrying.

After commenting on the alleged suspicious actions of the prisoner on the day following the murder and pointing out how trivial they were, Counsel reminded the jury that many other members of the staff acted suspiciously; in fact several were detained on account of suspicious actions on the following day, and one, even, had been arrested. These suspicious actions were probably due to the fact that the occurrence of the murder the night before was known to many members of the staff, all of whom affected complete ignorance for fear of being involved. Counsel then pointed out that the theory of the prosecution as to the removal of the body about 11 p.m. was inconsistent with the proved facts, and suggested that the body was probably removed at about 6 a.m. on the following morning, not necessarily by the murderer himself. The Crown had not called those members of the staff who first knew of the finding of the body. Counsel's address lasted for over an hour.

ADDRESS FOR THE CROWN.

The Attorney-General, in a final address to the jury for the Crown, said that although the prisoner was entitled to the benefit of any reasonable doubt, it must be a reasonable doubt, and not some fantastic possibility. Such unusual events as murders could not be proved like a mathematical proposition, and the ordinary methods of inference and reasoning must be applied. Evidence in murders was generally circumstantial. In this case there were certain facts which, taken singly, would be colourless, or certainly not significant, but when taken in conjunction with other facts acquired colour, significance and importance. The Attorney-General made the following points which, cumulatively, he urged, established the prisoner's guilt:—

The murderer must have been living in Government House. For an outsider to have committed a murder there would have been too much risk of discovery. The key of the room where the murder was committed hung in the room where the prisoner lived with four others.

The murderer must have been someone who knew the deceased well or she would not have gone into a remote room with him late at night.

The prisoner was the only man the deceased knew at Government House. She had sought him several times on the day of the murder.

The prisoner had scratches on his right hand, and a stain of human blood on his coat; the latter was on the left side of the coat.

On the day after the murder, the prisoner pretended that he could not identify the deceased, and he was seen acting suspiciously in the vicinity of the room where the crime had been committed and in the place to which the body had been dragged.

He had called, or given, no evidence as to his whereabouts at the time the crime was actually committed.

(Continued at foot of next column.)

SERIOUS FIRE NEAR

SAILORS' HOME.

BLAZE SEEN FOR MILES.

Residents in Kowloon were startled, last night, about a quarter to nine, by a sudden blaze which flooded the heavens with a brilliant red glow. It was, later, ascertained that a serious fire had broken out in Hongkong, in a building near the Sailors' Home. Those who went to the Star Ferry to find out where the fire had actually occurred, saw practically the whole of the hillside in the direction of West Point, as if illuminated for a fete. Tongues of flames were seen shooting above the tallest buildings near the Sailors' Home. For nearly a quarter of an hour the fire seemed to burn furiously, and then began to show signs of dying out, but again suddenly the flames shot upwards, the sparks creating an effect of fireworks.

The scene of the fire were houses, Nos. 207 and 209, in Des Vaux Road, West. The Fire Brigade and the police were early on the scene, but it is stated that the water supply, when steps were first taken to extinguish the fire, was not very satisfactory. It improved later, but not before the fire had increased considerably in violence. It took over two hours to bring the fire under control. The two buildings were considerably damaged. It was found that one of the floors in each building was covered by insurance, but full details of the loss were not available last night. It was not definitely known how the conflagration started and if there had been any loss of life.

DEATH OF MR. JOSHUA

AARON.

On Friday, February 25th, Mr. J. Aaron passed away suddenly at Shanghai to the intense regret of a large circle of friends by whom he was esteemed and respected for his amiable disposition (says the "N. C. Daily News"). The deceased arrived in Shanghai in 1903 in the service of the local branch of Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co. and was about to leave for the United States next month on furlough after serving the firm for about 20 years in Bombay, Hongkong and Shanghai.

The sudden death of Mr. Aaron came as a great shock to all those who knew him, and at the funeral service, which took place at the local branch of Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co., there was a large gathering of friends and mourners which testified to the great esteem in which the deceased was held. He was 50 years of age and was popular amongst his large circle of friends for his unassuming modesty, his charitable instincts and his ceaseless activities on behalf of the poor and needy. He is survived by his wife and two sisters with whom deep sympathy is felt by the community.

JUDGE'S SUMMING-UP.

His Lordship, in summing-up, said the facts of the case made it clear that the murderer must have been someone familiar with the premises of Government House. The field was narrowed by the fact that the person who took the deceased woman to the bathroom must have been well-known to her. The jury had seen the woman's photograph; she was a matronly, motherly-looking woman. The Chinese were particularly about the proprieties, and unless the deceased had perfect confidence in the man who accompanied her it was not likely she would go, after dark, to a remote room in a part of the premises detached from the rest. He did not think it was necessary to suppose that there was any undue familiarity between these people, or any love affair, but it seemed probable that some explanation was furnished to the woman as to why she should go to the bathroom.

As to bringing home the charge to the prisoner, his Lordship alluded to the evidence that the deceased was familiar with no one else in the house, that she was a fellow-villager of his and a member of his association; she visited him frequently, and had been there several times that day.

As to motive, the Crown did not directly assign any, and it was not essential that they should do so. Certainly, the ordinary man in his sober senses no motive seemed sufficient for what appeared to be a cold-blooded, determined and ruthless crime; the sum of money which the woman carried certainly seemed inadequate according to English standards.

Evidence was usually circumstantial in a case of murder; what the jury must do was to consider the cogency of the evidence when taken as a whole; accepting such facts as seemed credible and rejecting the evidence to which they could not give credence. That would leave a residuum of fact, which must be considered as a whole. The prisoner, as a subject of the King, was entitled, unless the Crown had proved their case to the satisfaction of the jury, beyond any reasonable doubt, to a verdict of acquittal. Suspicion, even the strongest suspicion, was not enough; the jury must find "beyond all reasonable doubt."

THE VERDICT.

The jury returned after an absence of an hour and a half. The foreman said their verdict was unanimous; they found the prisoner "Guilty."

Asked if he had anything to say the prisoner said:—"I did not do this thing," and he repeated the account of his movements he had already given to the police. The Judge, donning the black cap, then pronounced sentence of death.

EVENING DRESS WEAR

DRESS SHIRTS

— SOFT PLEATED FRONTS —

DRESS COLLARS

— LATEST SHAPES —

DRESS TIES

— BLACK AND WHITE —

SOCKS

BRACES

PUMPS

LIGHT WEIGHT

UNDERWEAR

VEST & DRAWERS IN

ALL PURE WOOL

WOOL & COTTON

SILK & WOOL

INDIA GAUZE

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TWO THREAD LISLE

THE LIGHTEST WEIGHT UNDERWEAR MADE

GENTLEMEN'S OUTFITTING DEPARTMENT.

DICK'S

PATENT UNIVERSAL SIZE

STEAM AND HYDRAULIC PACKING

In 7-14 and 28lbs boxes.

SOLE AGENTS:

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Tel. 1741.

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JUST UNPACKED

"BROADWOOD"

"BABY" GRAND PIANO

(With New Patent Steel Barless Frame).

A REVELATION IN

TONE, TOUCH & DESIGN.

The Anderson Music Co., Ltd.

64

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TELEPHONE 3148.

GENTLEMEN'S TAILORS

AND

BREECHES MAKERS.

We have a good assortment of

CHEVIOTS, SAXONIES & ANGOLAS

FOR THE

PRESENT SEASON.

LATEST STYLES

WORKMANSHIP GUARANTEED.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

THE ROYAL HONGKONG GOLF CLUB.
NOTICE.

MEMBERS and Subscribers are asked to note that Messrs. PERCY SMITH, SETH & FLEMING, will act as Secretaries as from MONDAY, the 7th MARCH, 1921.
By Order of the Committee,
J. S. GREENHILL,
Hon. Secretary. [584]

LOST.

LOST—Brown and White Japanese Bitch. Answers to name of Puppy. Will anyone having possession or information of this dog kindly communicate with Mr. A. A. Wilson, Dragon Motor Car Co., Telephone 4821. Any expenses will be paid or reward given. [585]

SATURDAY BANKING HOURS.

BY agreement between the EXCHANGE BANKS, SATURDAY BANKING HOURS in Hongkong, beginning on SATURDAY, the 5th MARCH, 1921 will be as follows—
From 9.30 A.M. to 12 Noon only.
For all Banking Business.
Hongkong, March 1st, 1921. [544]

NOTICE.

A reception in honour of the 29 BISHOPS of the MISSIONS, STRANGLERS at present in the Colony will be held at the CATHOLIC UNION on SUNDAY, the 6th MARCH, at 4.30 P.M., to which all Catholics are cordially invited.
J. D. OSMUND,
President Catholic Union.
E. M. HODGSON,
President Catholic Men's Club. [548]

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

M. J. D. STEPHENS, Solicitor,
The Office has been REMOVED to 1st Floor, No. 15, Connaught Road, Central, (beyond the Post Office).
Hongkong March 1st, 1921. [541]

NOTICE.

MESSRS. LITTLE, ADAMS & WOOD have REMOVED their Office to the New Building on Murray Battery, Lower Albert Road. [530]

REPULSE BAY HOTEL.

THE DINING ROOMS of the REPULSE BAY HOTEL are fully booked for the night of WEDNESDAY, 5th MARCH, 1921. [532]

REPULSE BAY HOTEL.

THE approach Roads to the above HOTEL are CLOSED temporarily for the purpose of regrading. Patrons are, therefore, kindly requested to use the steps opposite the Main Entrance until completion of such work. [440]

SOCIETY OF ST. GEORGE, HONGKONG.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Society will be held in the City Hall on FRIDAY, 11th MARCH, at 8.30 P.M.

For the following purposes—
(a) To receive the report of the Committee and statement of accounts for the past year.
(b) To elect the Officers and Committee for the ensuing year.
(c) To consider the manner in which St. George's Day shall be celebrated.
(d) To transact any other business of which due notice has been given.
All members are requested to attend.
C. BLAKER,
Hon. Secretary.
Hongkong, March 1st, 1921. [535]

CHINA SUGAR REFINING CO., LTD.

THE FORTY-THIRD ORDINARY ANNUAL MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS of the above Company will be held at the Offices of the General Agents, Pedder's Street, on FRIDAY, the 18th MARCH, at 11 A.M. for the purpose of receiving the Report and Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1920.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 4th to 18th MARCH, 1921, both days inclusive.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.,
General Agents.
Hongkong, February 18th, 1921. [464]

HONGKONG HOTEL COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS in this Company will be held at the Company's Hotel, Hongkong, on SATURDAY, 19th MARCH, 1921, at Noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Board of Directors, together with a Statement of Accounts, for the year ending 31st December, 1920.

The REGISTER OF SHARES of the Company will be CLOSED from SATURDAY, 12th MARCH, to SATURDAY, 19th MARCH, 1921, (both days inclusive) during which period no transfer of shares can be registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
J. H. TAGGART,
Manager.
Hongkong, March 3rd, 1921. [552]

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

THE FINAL DIVIDEND declared for the year ending 31st December, 1920, at the rate of THREE POUNDS STERLING together with a Bonus of TWO POUNDS STERLING per Share is payable on and after MONDAY, the 28th day of FEBRUARY, 1921, at the Offices of the Corporation, where shareholders are requested to apply for warrants.

By Order of the Court of Directors,
A. G. STEPHENS,
Chief Manager.
Hongkong, February 26th, 1921. [553]

INTIMATIONS

TENDERS INVITED.

PROPOSALS FOR FRESH FROZEN BEEF & MUTTON. Office of Department Quartermaster, Philippine Department, Manila, P.I. Sealed proposals will be received here until 11 o'clock A.M., May 10th, 1921; and then opened, for furnishing 8000,000 pounds of Beef and 60,000 pounds of Mutton. Further information on application. [536]

TENDERS INVITED.

SEALED proposals for the purchase of the U.S. Army Transport "CROOK", Manila Bay, will be received at the Office of the Department Quartermaster, Water Transportation Division, Third Floor, U.S. Army Building, opposite Pier No. 1, Manila, until 11 A.M., April 11th, 1921, at which time and place they will be opened.

PARTIAL DESCRIPTION

Twin Screw	Steel Hull	4125 tons
Tonnage, Gross	Net	3703
Length	Beam	430' 2"
Beam	Depth	47' 1"
Moulded Depth	Mean Draft	21' 3"
Loaded	Displacement (normal)	21' 5"
Displacement (normal)	Displacement (normal)	5800 tons
Displacement (normal)	Displacement (normal)	18-2
Displacement (normal)	Displacement (normal)	13 knots
Displacement (normal)	Displacement (normal)	13 knots

Full description of vessel, terms of sale, blank proposals etc., may be obtained by applying to the American Consul General, Hongkong. [537]

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,
On TUESDAY,
the 8th March, 1921, at 9.30 A.M., at The Naval Depot, Kowloon.

OLD AND SURPLUS
VICTUALLING STORES, &c., &c.
Comprising—
Blankets, Electro-Plate, Copper Pans, Hardware, Soap, Moss Gear, Table Linen, &c., &c., Remnants, Provisions, &c., &c.
Terms of Sale:—As detailed on Catalogue.
On View.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
By Appointment Auctioneers to the Admiralty. [527]

A. G. DA ROCHA

AUCTIONEER, SURVEYOR AND
GENERAL BROKER.
No. 24, D'Almeida Street, Telephone No. 2933.

WEEKLY AUCTIONS

TUESDAYS:—
MISCELLANEOUS GOODS.

THURSDAYS:—
VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

SATURDAYS:—
EXCELLENT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURES. [73]

WAR MEMORIAL

SUBSCRIPTION LIST.

FOR the erection by Public Subscription, of a building to be run on Y.M.C.A. lines, to be called the WAR MEMORIAL INSTITUTE and to be managed for the joint use of the Navy, the Army and the Civilian, a Joint Board of Directors. A portion of the sum raised will be devoted to the erection of a Permanent Stone Memorial which will be put in hand at an early date.

Lists may be found at—
Messrs. Lane & Crawford.
Messrs. Kelly & Walsh.
Messrs. Montrose.
Messrs. Wm. Powell Ltd.
The Hongkong Club.
The Hongkong Cricket Club.
Club Lusitano.
Engineers' Institute.
Victoria Recreation Club.
Kowloon Cricket Club.
Kowloon Bowling Club.
Peak Club.
Club de Recreo.
Orangepower Club.

M. J. BREEN,
Hon. Secretary,
War Memorial Committee.
Hongkong, December 15th, 1920. [129]

ST. JOHN'S CATHEDRAL.

MONDAY,
MARCH 7th.

at
9.15 P.M.

ORGAN RECITAL

Vocalist:
Miss BERTHA MEISCHKE.

[553]

PREPAID "WANTED" ADVERTISEMENTS.

Letters are lying at this Office for
Messrs. P. C. AD. AP. AW. BF. BO.
BB. BV. BZ.

FOR SALE.—1920 HARLEY DAVIDSON MOTOR CYCLE and Sidecar, Electric Lighting. Excellent condition. Apply Box BZ, Daily Press Office. [20]

TO LET.

ONE LARGE ROOM with Verandah for Office, 14, Des Vaux Road Central, 2nd Floor.
Apply to—
N. MODY & CO. [581]

TO LET.

EUROPEAN OFFICES, 1st floor (over in one block) 16 to 19, Connaught Road Central (with use of lift).
Apply to—
"A. B."
Care of Daily Press Office. [134]

TO LET.

TWO LARGE ROOMS to let for Office, 14, Des Vaux Road Central, Top Floor.
Apply to—
ROOM No. 1. [181]

WANTED.

BY FOREIGNER FURNISHED ROOM, without meals, Happy Valley or Central district.
Reply—
LXL,
Care of Daily Press Office. [560]

WANTED.

LADY SECRETARY (Confidential) Company seeks two-three year contract out of England; 18 years similar experience Printing and Paper trades; thoroughly capable business woman with initiative and every desirable asset necessary for efficiency; used to control of staff.
Box No. 549,
Care of Daily Press Office. [549]

IMPORT-EXPORT.

GENTLEMAN with large experience in the Import and Export Trade in South China and capable of taking charge of departments, is open for immediate engagement. For further particulars, please communicate with—
Box 397, c/o Hongkong Daily Press. [328]

FOR SALE.

62,570 SQUARE FEET OF LAND at Broadwood Road, Wong, including with 7-Roomed House and Servants Quarters, Kitchen, Garden, Tennis Court and Lawn. For particulars apply to—
GEO. K. HALL BRUTTON & Co.,
37, Queen's Road Central. [443]

FOR SALE.

FIVE-ROOMED BUNGALOW, Peak District, Tennis Court, Kitchen Garden, Vacant Estate.
Apply to—
Box No. 482,
Care of Daily Press Office. [548]

SEAMEN'S INSTITUTE

21, PRAYA EAST, HONGKONG.

FOR the use of all Men of the Mercantile Marine and H.M. Navy.
Reading and Writing Rooms, Billiard Room, Officers' Room, C.P.O.'s Room, Restaurant, Concert Hall, Church.
Private Cabins and beds in Dormitories.
Motor Launch "Dayspring". [68]

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GOOD STAMPS

in good condition.

WE HAVE THE SUPPLY

Our Stock of all Countries is strong, and not to see the selection of our Stamps is to miss a large "pick" of the Stamp Market.

GRACA & CO.,
Dealers in Postage Stamps, Philatelic Goods, Religious Books, Garden Seeds, Toys, etc.
No. 10, WYNDHAM STREET,
HONGKONG.
P.O. Box 630.

PUBLISHED TO-DAY

HONGKONG WEEKLY PRESS.

CONTAINING ALL THE WEEK'S LOCAL NEWS

The Paper to read Home.

INTIMATION

WATSON'S

FINE OLD

BROWN

BRANDY

Unsurpassed as a Liqueur—

delightful to the palate, mellow,

and of fine aroma.

As a beverage, most healthful

and agreeable; an aid to

digestion.

A. S. WATSON &

CO., LTD.,

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.
Phone 616. [11]

BIRTHS.

ALMEIDA.—At Shanghai, February 24th, to Mr. and Mrs. L. M. D'ALMEIDA, a son.

DRYSDALE.—At Nanking, on February 25th, to Mr. and Mrs. ISLAY FERRIER DRYSDALE, Junior, a daughter.

MACKINTOSH.—At Shanghai, on February 27th, to Mr. and Mrs. D. MACKINTOSH, a son (still born).

MALCOLM.—At Shanghai, on February 28th, to Mr. and Mrs. A. A. MALCOLM, a son.

MARRIAGES.

AIRER.—Donald.—At Shanghai, on February 26th, THOMAS ALBERT AIRER, to ANNETTA MORE, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. ANDREW DONALD.

BURNING.—Chandler.—At Reno, Nevada, U.S.A., on January 12th, WILLIAM STEPHEN BURNING, to EDITH MARION CHANDLER, both formerly of Shanghai.

DEATH.

LOPES.—At Shanghai, February 24th, LINO JOSE LOPES, in his 70th year.

HONGKONG OFFICE: 10a, Des Vaux Rd. C. LONDON OFFICE: 131, Fleet Street, E.C.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, MARCH 5th, 1921.

CALLING GERMANY'S BLUFF.

We commented not long ago on the speeches which Herr von SIMONS, Germany's Foreign Minister, was making in various German centres as to the "impossibility" of the German nation meeting the bill for reparations which the Allies had presented, though the total of that bill falls very far short of the total sum of the damage caused by the Germans in the war, and Germany undertook by the Treaty of Versailles to make full reparation and restitution. Nobody expected that the Germans would accept even the reduced bill without first making every effort to evade the obligation, and it cannot therefore create great surprise that the German delegates had the audacity to come to a Conference of the Allies in London with counter-proposals, which Mr. Lloyd GEORGE, in the severely dignified rebuke he addressed to them, described as representing not a fourth of the sum required to repair the damage. Moreover they offered this "on the condition that those needing it find it out of their own pockets first on highly privileged terms when they can with difficulty raise money in their own

markets to carry on the work of the Government." "I cannot understand," Mr. Lloyd GEORGE said to them, "the psychology which permits the representatives of a country whose Government is responsible for the most devastating war in the world's history to come solemnly with such terms to a conference with representatives of the victims of that devastation." The psychology of the German people puzzled most people from the very beginning of the war, if not long before; but evidently, the Germans have not yet learnt the lesson that an international treaty is something more than "a mere scrap of paper." Mr. Lloyd GEORGE's stern rebuke to the delegates lost nothing in dignity by the severity of its terms. In a few terse sentences he exposed to them the hollowness of their plea. He told them very plainly that the leaders of opinion in Germany must realise that the Allies will not permit any further paltering with the Treaty, and that in the circumstances he had described the Allies must act on the assumption that the German Government is not merely in default but deliberately in default.

German psychology had been sufficiently understood by the Allies generally to enable them to come prepared with a statement of the measures they proposed to adopt in the event of any attempt at such an evasion of the stipulations of the Treaty as the German Foreign Minister had foreshadowed in his speeches. Germany now knows the penalty of evasion and she has to make up her mind before Monday next to undertake the payment of the bill or forfeit as much of her sovereign power as the Allies deem it necessary to take until their demand is satisfied. As the stern rebuke by the President of the Conference greatly perturbed the German delegates, and the alternatives to evasion filled them with "deep emotion," we may expect to hear that the German Government before Monday next, or very soon afterwards, will acquire a clearer comprehension of its obligations and of the sanctity of Treaty engagements.

Mr. Lloyd GEORGE, in England as well as on the Continent, has been criticised very severely in many quarters for showing what was regarded as an undue amount of sympathy with Germany. It is no secret that he was instrumental in reducing the joint bill against Germany for reparation very considerably, nor is it a secret that his action throughout has been governed by a desire not to cast upon Germany a heavier burden than she could possibly sustain; for he has recognised, as we all must, that the economic recovery of Germany is a vital factor in the recovery of Europe. Everybody knows that the extent of Germany's capacity to pay for the damages she caused in the war was the subject of prolonged investigation by commissions of experts, and the size of the bill finally communicated to Germany together with proposals for its payment by annual instalments (assessed with due regard to the natural development of the nation's capacity to pay), was governed by intentions as benevolent as the circumstances allow. Now that the proceedings at the Conference in London enable the general public to get a better idea of the position, criticism must give place to eulogy. Mr. Lloyd GEORGE in the rebuke he addressed to the German delegates makes it abundantly plain that he is as determined as anybody on exacting the fulfilment of all the pledges given by Germany within the limits of her capacity. The Allies are completely satisfied as to Germany's capacity to pay, and when Herr von SIMONS says that Germany's sentiments have been "misunderstood" and that coercive measures will not be necessary, we take him to mean that since the bluff has been called Germany will pay with what grace she can command.

The Shanghai Spring Race meeting is fixed for May 2nd, 3rd, 4th and 7th. The training season commenced on the 1st inst.

The Rt. Rev. Bishop Banister, of Kwangsi, will preach at St. Andrew's Church, Kowloon, at the evening service, at 8 p.m., to-morrow.

Japanese newspaper correspondents are reported to be flocking to Canton in view of the proposed formation of a Government of the Federated Provinces.

The total output of the Kailan Mining Administration's mines for the week ending 12th February, amounted to 31,374 tons, and the sales during the period to 88,553 tons.

The Hon. Mr. E. D. V. Parr and Mrs. Parr are leaving to-day by the F. & O. Kailan for England on a holiday. Mr. Phillip Jacks (Land Officer), and Mrs. Jacks are travelling on the same steamer.

Students of Canton raised approximately \$7,500 in aid of famine relief by their "Tag Day" on February 28th.

The Commander of the Japanese Squadron in Chinese waters and his Chief of Staff, called on Dr. Sun Yat-sen, at Government House, on Wednesday afternoon. The officers were introduced by the Japanese Consul.

Mr. Tung Chee-yi, a well-known Chinese capitalist and miner who has been appointed by Dr. Sun Yat-sen as Director of the Bureau of Mines of the Ministry of Interior, has arrived in Canton from Singapore to take up the appointment.

The Chiao Tungpu has decided to appoint a commission to survey the Yellow River railway bridge. Four foreign experts are to be employed, representing respectively Great Britain, the United States, France and Belgium, and they will be engaged for six months.

The Secretary of the Church Missionary Society has received a draft for \$34s. 1d. for the Famine Relief Fund from the teachers and boys of the Bishop Gobat School, Jerusalem, per Mr. Nofel Istiphan. The collection was a spontaneous contribution from a Mission School on hearing of the distress caused by the Famine.

It is stated that with a view to protecting the wild life in different parts of China from being ruthlessly destroyed by hunters, the Ministries of the Interior, Foreign Affairs and Agriculture and Commerce and the Shuiwu Chu have jointly drawn up a hunting law, which consists of 28 articles. The new law will soon be promulgated by the Government.

Mr. G. M. Bosworth, chairman of the Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, arrived in Hongkong yesterday, on the R.M.S. *Empress of Asia*. Mr. Bosworth, who is coming out with a party of prominent Canadian people, is not remaining in the East very long, as arrangements have been made for him to return to Vancouver by the same steamer. Mr. Bosworth is well known in shipping circles in Great Britain, Canada, and the United States.

The new Committee of the Shanghai Branch of St. George's Society is to consider a suggestion that ladies be admitted to membership. Mr. E. C. Pearce has been elected president of the Society for the ensuing year. Mr. A. P. Wood, who was president last year, and is now about to leave China, on retirement from business, was presented with a President's badge as a mark of appreciation of the services he had rendered to the branch since its formation in 1904.

H.E. the Governor gave a dinner party on March 3rd. The following guests were present:—Hon. Mr. C. Severn, C.M.G., LL.D.; Hon. Mr. S. D. C. Ross, Hon. Mr. Lau Chiu Pak, Hon. Mr. Ho Fook, Mr. Justice Wood, Sir Ho Tung, Mr. N. L. Smith, Mr. G. R. Sayer, Gen. Tang Yiu Kwong, Mr. Ng Hon Tsz, Mr. Leung Kwai Tin, Mr. Wong Kam Fuk, Mr. Ji Wing Kwong, Mr. Chan Siu Ki, Mr. Chan Kang Yu, Mr. To Sz Tun, Mr. Li Po Kwai, Mr. Kwok Shiu Lau, Mr. Sham Pak Ming, Mr. Sin Tak Fan, Mr. Fung Ping Shan, Mr. Ho Wing, Mr. Wong Kwong Tin, Mr. Chan Cheuk Hing, Mr. Ho Leung, Mr. Yip Lan Tsun, Mr. Chan King Wan, Mr. Chau Yiu Ting and Mr. Yip Shau Chi.

"Temple Court," the residence of Mr. F. H. Horne on the Bluff at Yokohama, is reported to have been purchased by Mr. Asano, the President of the Toko Kisen Kaisha, at a price which is said to be somewhere in the neighbourhood of £200,000. The house is one of the show places of Yokohama as it is constructed in the form of a temple. As to the good taste displayed in building a private residence in the shape of a temple some doubts may be expressed, remarks the *Japan Chronicle*. In any case the surroundings are hardly suitable for such a style. Mr. Asano is reported to have purchased the building for the purpose of entertaining visitors arriving on the T.K.K. liners.

Reuter's correspondent at Peking says the President's proposal to publish 100 facsimiles of the four libraries created by the Emperor Chien Lung is being seriously considered. The originals were installed at Mukden, also at the Imperial Palace, Duke Kung's Palace, Peking, and Nanking, but Duke Kung's library has apparently disappeared.

It is estimated that each reproduction will cost \$60,000. The Japanese Legation states that Japan is ready to take 50 sets, and it is believed that other countries will not miss the opportunity of getting this rare collection. While it is stated that none of the existing libraries is now complete, it has been ascertained that the whole could be reconstructed by drawing on the three available.

Mrs. Jenner Hogg, of Shanghai, is a passenger on the *Kailan*. She is travelling in company with her son and daughter, Mr. H. E. Bell and Mrs. Percy Lavers, and her grand-daughter, Miss Doris Lavers, and is severing her connection with the Far East after a residence of some 54 years. The *N.C. Daily News* says: "It was in 1867 that Miss Smith, as she then was, came to Shanghai, and her sister being the only unmarried girls at the time in the place and neither of them, we believe, surviving as such for more than a few weeks. Mrs. Hogg married first Mr. E. H. Bell, of the firm of Adamson, Bell & Co., a well-known athlete of those days. They had six children, of whom, besides those mentioned above, Lieut. Colonel F. H. Bell, D.S.O., and Mrs. Leefe are well-known in China. After Mr. Bell's death she married, in 1898, the late Mr. Edward Jenner Hogg, who died a year ago. No lady has been better known in Shanghai as an ideal hostess and one of keen zest for every interest of the community than Mrs. Jenner Hogg. Now that at last she leaves it is followed by sincere regrets and the best of wishes that she may live to enjoy many years of happiness in England."

ALLIES' ULTIMATUM: MR. LLOYD GEORGE STAGGERS THE GERMANS. SHIPPING CRISIS: OWNERS SUGGEST REDUCTION OF PAY.

PRESIDENT HARDING'S POLICY: NO INTERFERENCE IN OLD WORLD AFFAIRS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

'ALLIES' ULTIMATUM TO GERMANY. MR. LLOYD GEORGE'S FORCIBLE SPEECH.

LONDON, March 3rd. Mr. Lloyd George, in his speech at the Reparations Conference, said that the Allied Governments consider the statement of Herr von Simons a definite challenge of the fundamental conditions of the Treaty of Versailles. The Paris proposals, following the line taken at Boulogne and Brussels, involved a substantial relaxation of the full demand of the Treaty in respect of disarmament and reparation. These proposals were made in a spirit of concession to induce an amicable settlement. The counter-proposals mock the Treaty. The Allies reached that conclusion not merely from the character of the counter-proposals, but from the speeches of Herr von Simons, in Germany after the Paris proposals and the support accorded him by the German Press and the Reichstag. Mr. Lloyd George specified the speech at Stuttgart, when Herr von Simons repudiated German responsibility for the war, which repudiation was acclaimed throughout Germany. Therefore it represented the real attitude of Germany towards the Treaty of Peace.

CHALLENGING THE TREATY.

Mr. Lloyd George emphasised that for the Allies, German responsibility for the war is fundamental, and if that acknowledgment is repudiated or abandoned, the Treaty is destroyed. The Allies must therefore take account of the fact that the German Government, supported by public opinion, is challenging the foundation of the Treaty of Versailles, and proposals like those of Herr von Simons were simply a necessary corollary to this new attitude. Until Germany, as the compelled France to do in 1917, accepted the world's verdict that she was in the wrong and consented to interpret her obligations accordingly, these conferences will be futile.

Mr. Lloyd George said that the German people were under the impression that the Allied demands were an intolerable oppression designed to destroy their great country and enslave a great people. On the contrary, the Allies regarded a free, contented and prosperous Germany as essential to civilisation, and a danger to the world. Germany as a menace and a burden to European civilisation. The Allies did not desire to oppress or impose a bondage on Germany—they simply asked her to discharge her obligations and to repair the injuries of war provoked by her Imperial Government. Unlike the Treaty of Frankfurt, the Allies were not asking for the costs of the war, realising the impossibility of a single country to pay them. It was important that the German public thoroughly understand the character of the Allies' demand, because they certainly did not appreciate it.

NOT IMAGINARY WRONGS.

The Allies, continued Mr. Lloyd George, simply insist that Germany pay reparation in respect of charges cast in their respective countries by material damage to property and injuries inflicted on the lives and limbs of the inhabitants. "We ask no more and can take no less. These are not imaginary wrongs. They are injuries, the reparation of which imposes a crushing burden at this moment on the resources of the Allied countries." Mr. Lloyd George specified that France was at present budgeting 12,000 million francs to restore the devastated areas, apart from a gigantic sum for pensions, which provision must be made yearly for at least a decade. "What charge could the German Budget show comparable to it?" Mr. Lloyd George was convinced that the German people had no idea of the devastation of Allied countries as a result of the action of the Imperial Government in 1914. In view of the incalculable importance of a real understanding, it was vital that the German public should be informed as to the character and extent of the devastation, and he believed that when they realised it, their attitude would change.

Mr. Lloyd George proceeded to quote figures, showing that 21,000 factories were destroyed in France; the mines in North France were destroyed; 1,659 Communes and townships were wiped out and 2,383 partly destroyed; 630,000 houses were completely or partially destroyed; 8,000 kilometres of railways, 22,000 kilometres of roads and 3,700 hectares of soil must be restored; and the coal production of France was reduced by 50 per cent. An incredible amount of this damage was done deliberately, with a view to destroying essential means of production both in France and in Belgium.

Mr. Lloyd George instanced the fact that the French flax industry was practically wiped out, so that Germany, which supplied France before the war to an extent of eight per cent, now supplies 50 per cent of the flax products. He also instanced the case of the blast furnaces and rolling mills in Belgium being deli-

berately dynamited to prevent the Belgian industry competing with Germany after the war. On the other hand, houses in Germany, with a few exceptions in East Prussia, were not damaged, and the German factories were intact. Therefore, unless reparation was made by Germany, the victors would pay the price of defeat and the vanquished reap the fruits of victory. The destruction of Belgian factories was such that 150,000 Belgian workmen were deported to Germany because they were unemployed. These were merely samples of the destruction. He had not given figures in regard to Italy and Britain, but mentioned that the latter had 8,000,000 tons of shipping destroyed.

PUZZLING GERMAN PSYCHOLOGY.

Mr. Lloyd George detailed the losses of the Allies in killed and crippled, pointing out that France and Britain alone were each bearing annual burden in respect of pensions thrice the amount of the whole annual payment now offered by Germany as reparation for all damages. Germany was now offering not a fourth of the sum required to repair the damages, and that only on condition that their reparation should be paid out of their own pocket first, on highly privileged terms, when they can with difficulty raise money in their own markets to carry on the work of government. "I cannot understand the psychology which permits the representatives of a country whose Government was responsible for the most devastating war in the world's history to come solemnly with such terms to a Conference with the representatives of the victims of that devastation." If the German Government had made a proposal indicating a sincere desire to discharge its obligations, it would have received the fairest and most patient consideration with a view to reaching reasonable accord. "We were prepared," said Mr. Lloyd George, "to make all legitimate allowances for the real difficulties under which the German and other peoples labour as a result of the war, but these proposals are, frankly, an offence and an exasperation, and as one anxious for the restoration of real peace in Europe, I deeply deplore that such proposals have been submitted, for they indicate a desire not to perform but to evade the obligations which Germany has incurred."

Mr. Lloyd George pointed out the low level of taxation compared to that of the Allies and the smallness of the German debt per cent of the population as compared with that of Britain. He declared that Germany's apparently gigantic debt had been reduced almost to the level of her pre-war liabilities by a process of depreciating currency and said that Germany's failure to bring up taxation to the level of the Allies alone constituted an infringement of the Treaty of Versailles, and until she imposed at least equal taxation she will be unable to plead inability to meet the Paris demands.

CHARGE AGAINST GERMANY.

Mr. Lloyd George concluded that further reflection confirmed the Allies' first impression that the counter-proposals were simply provocative, and it would be a waste of time to devote attention to their consideration. He was authorised to make the following declaration on behalf of the Allies:—The German Government had already defaulted in respect of some of the most important provisions of the Treaty of Versailles, namely, the delivery of war criminals for trial, disarmament and the payment of twenty milliards of gold marks in cash or in kind. The Allies had not insisted on the letter of the bond and had extended the time and even modified the character of the demands each time the German Government failed them. Despite the undertaking given by the German Government, had not yet been tried, let alone punished, although evidence had been in the hands of the German Government for months. Military organisations, open and clandestine, had been allowed to spring up all over the country, equipped with arms that should have been surrendered. If the German Government sincerely desired to help the Allies to repair their losses, the Allies would still be ready to make allowances for the difficulties of Germany, but the counter-proposals convinced the Allies that the German Government did not intend to carry out its Treaty obligations or was not strong enough to face selfish and short-sighted opposition and insist on necessary sacrifices. "If this was due to the fact that German opinion did not permit it, that made the situation more serious, and the leaders of opinion must realise that the Allies will not permit any further bawling with the Treaty. The Allies must act on the assumption that the German Government is not merely in default, but is deliberately in default."

THE ULTIMATUM.

Mr. Lloyd George declared:—"Unless we hear by Monday that Germany is prepared to accept the Paris decisions or to submit proposals which, in other equally satisfactory ways, will discharge the obligations of the Treaty of Versailles, subject to the concessions made in the Paris proposals, we shall from Monday take the following course under the Treaty of Versailles:—

"Firstly.—Occupy the towns of Duisburg, Ruhrort and Düsseldorf on the right bank of the Rhine.
"Secondly.—The Allies will obtain powers from their respective Parliaments requiring their nationals to pay a certain proportion of all payments due to

Germany on German goods to their several Governments, such proportion to be retained on account of reparations (that is in respect of goods purchased in any Allied country from Germany);

Thirdly.—The amount of duties collected by German Customs Houses on the external frontiers of occupied territories be paid to the Reparations Commission, these duties to continue to be levied in accordance with the German Tariff, a line of Customs Houses to be temporarily established on the Rhine and at the forwardly bridgeheads occupied by the Allied troops. The tariff leviable on this line, both on entry and export of goods, will be determined by the Allied High Commissioner in the Rhine territory, in conformity with instructions by the Allied Government."

Mr. Lloyd George explained that the second sanction meant the deduction of part of the purchase value of any goods bought from Germany by Allied countries. A certain proportion will be paid by the Exchange here and there will be forwarded to Germany with the Exchange receipt for the amount which had been paid for.

Mr. Lloyd George asked whether Herr von Simons would answer now or prefer a meeting in the afternoon.

Herr von Simons replied that he would answer in a few words immediately. He said the German Delegation would examine the speech of Mr. Lloyd George and the documents with a care due to their importance, and undertook to reply before Monday, but he begged to state that Mr. Lloyd George seemed to mistake the intentions of the German Government, and in their opinion no occasion would arise for enforcing the sanctions stated by the Allies.

EFFECT OF MR. LLOYD GEORGE'S SPEECH.

LONDON, March 4th. It is universally agreed that yesterday's sitting of the conference at St. James' Palace was historic in importance and vivid in solemnity with the first appearance of the German delegation at Versailles after the Armistice.

It is no exaggeration to say that the Prime Minister's brilliant and forcible speech made as deep an impression as M. Clemenceau's speech on that occasion. The Allied statesmen, in London, particularly the French, are enthusiastic over the strength, tact and political acumen exhibited in Mr. Lloyd George's address. The papers of all shades of opinion shower praise on the speech and describe it as inspired by a deep, moral earnestness, which marked his war eloquence at its best.

The situation, now, is one of great gravity, but it is confidently believed that the German Government is alive to the seriousness of the position and will advance the cause of sensible proposals on Monday, which may afford a basis of discussion and avert putting into execution the Allied threats. The feeling that a peaceful solution will be reached is reflected on the course in Berlin, where even after Mr. Lloyd George's speech was published the market was firm and prices generally advanced, owing to the impression that the Allies did not intend abruptly to break off negotiations.

In the meantime, the German Cabinet met to discuss the ultimatum.

The Morning Post understands that the Allies, after consulting their legal experts, decided that if the application of the sanctions is necessary this can be done immediately, instead of on May 1st.

FRENCH DREADNOUGHTS READY FOR NORTH SEA.

PARIS, March 4th. The French Western Mediterranean Squadron is refitting at Toulon. It is reported that the dreadnoughts *Paris* and *France* have been ordered to hold themselves in readiness to leave for the North Sea to co-operate with the British Fleet in any naval operations which may be contemplated.

INDIAN BUDGET.

NEW TAXATION TO MEET DEFICITS.

DELHI, March 3rd. Introducing the first Budget under the new regime, Mr. Hailey, the Finance Minister, announced heavy new taxation to meet the deficit of twelve crores for the present year and eighteen next year. The ad valorem duty is being increased from 7 1/2 per cent to 11 per cent, including cotton goods. The tax on luxuries is to be 30 per cent. Foreign sugar is to be taxed at 10 per cent, to 15 per cent. Increased taxes are to be imposed on tobacco.

Mr. Hailey foreshadowed the appointment of a fiscal commission to examine tariff policy, including Imperial Preference.

INTERNATIONAL CREDITS SCHEME.

LEAGUE APPOINTS SUB-COMMITTEE.

LONDON, March 3rd. The Economic Commission of the Council of the League of Nations has taken measures to carry out the international credits scheme adopted at Geneva. A sub-committee, consisting of M. Avenol, France; Sir J. Strakosch, South Africa; and Mr. J. H. H. Holland, provisionally takes over the duties assigned to the international commission recommended under the scheme.

APPOINTMENT OF ORGANISER.

LONDON, March 4th. Sir Drummond Fraser has been appointed organiser of the Termeulen credit scheme in aid of the distressed European countries.

CURFEW IN DUBLIN.

RESULT OF DISTURBANCES.

LONDON, March 3rd. In consequence of continued disturbances the curfew in Dublin will henceforth be reckoned from 9 o'clock instead of 10 o'clock, probably necessitating the majority of places of amusement closing down.

LATEST CABLES. GERMAN EAST AFRICA MANDATE. OPEN DOOR POLICY AS REGARDS MEMBERS OF LEAGUE.

LONDON, March 4th. The text of the mandate for German East Africa is published.

The territory excludes the greater portion of the provinces of Urundi and Ruanda, which have passed under Belgian control. The mandate largely follows the lines of the mandate for German South-West Africa, and includes special provisions for protecting the natives. One article provides that the mandatory shall arrange for the eventual emancipation of all slaves and the elimination of domestic and other slavery, as social conditions allow. It is laid down that strict control shall be exercised over the sale of liquor. No native land shall be transferred, except between natives, without the leave of the authorities. Freedom of transit and navigation, also, complete economic, commercial and industrial equality will be similarly assured to all nationals of States who are members of the League of Nations as to the mandatory's own nationals. The same right will apply in respect of concessions for the development of the territory's natural resources.

RISINGS IN RUSSIA. PEASANTS RESIST SEIZURE OF CORN.

LONDON, March 4th. A wireless message from Moscow makes the first mention of an anti-Bolshevik rising at Petrograd, led by General Kozlovski, and on the ship *Petrovsk*. The outbreak, as a matter of form, is attributed to Entente machinations.

It is reported from Stockholm that troops summoned from the North to Petrograd, apparently, got the upper hand and sent the seamen back to their ships and the workmen to the factories. Artillery swept the streets on March 2nd, and suppressed all opposition.

In the meanwhile, it is stated that the revolt is spreading throughout the country. Peasants are resisting the seizure of their corn and compulsory wood-hewing for the railways. The President of the Soviet Committee admits that riots have taken place.

COMMUNISTS BLAME THE ENTENTE.

LONDON, March 4th. Anti-Bolshevik risings in Russia are now admitted. A Moscow wireless message says: "There is no doubt that the mutiny of General Kozlovski and on the ship *Petrovsk* was prepared by the Entente spies, like the former White Guard mutinies. It is clear that the Kronshtadt revolt was directed from Petrograd. It will be rapidly liquidated. The Entente, undoubtedly, spread their nets not at Kronstadt alone. It is the task of the Red Guards to destroy the nets."

AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOUR. RELATIONS WITH EUROPEAN FEDERATION.

LONDON, March 4th. The Executive Council of the American Federation of Labour has decided on the severance of relations with the International Federation of Trades Unions of Europe owing to the latter's "revolutionary activities" and failure to recognise the national autonomy of the trade union centres in various countries.

"THE UNKNOWN WARRIORS." UNITED STATES CONGRESS PAYS TRIBUTE.

WASHINGTON, March 4th. The House of Representatives has passed a resolution authorising the conferment of a Congressional Medal of Honour on the "Unknown British and French Warriors" buried in Westminster Abbey and under the Arc de Triomphe, respectively.

EARLIER CABLES. AMERICAN UNKNOWN WARRIOR.

WASHINGTON, March 4th. The Senate has passed a resolution instructing the War Department to fetch the body of an unidentified American soldier from France for interment at Arlington, the national cemetery.

DUDLEY BYE-ELECTION. COALITION MINISTER DEFEATED.

LONDON, March 3rd. The bye-election at Dudley, necessitated by the death of Sir Arthur Griffith-Boscawen's appointment as Minister of Agriculture, resulted as follows:—

Mr. Wilson (Labourite)..... 10,244.
Sir A. Griffith-Boscawen (Coalition Unionist)..... 9,068

Labour Majority..... 1,176

[Sir A. Griffith-Boscawen has been Unionist M.P. for Dudley since 1910].

FUTURE OF EGYPT. DECLARATION IN PARLIAMENT.

LONDON, March 3rd. In the House of Commons, at question time, Mr. Cecil Harcourt declared that although the Government had not reached final decisions as regards Lord Milner's recommendations, they had invited the Sultan to nominate a delegation to confer with Great Britain with a view to substituting for the Protectorate a relationship which would secure British interests and meet the legitimate aspirations of Egypt.

LATEST CABLES. NEW PRESIDENT OF UNITED STATES. INAUGURATION CEREMONY IN THE CAPITOL.

LONDON, March 4th. Mr. Harding was inaugurated in the Capitol at Washington, to-day, as the twenty-ninth President of the United States.

PRESIDENT HARDING'S INAUGURAL ADDRESS. SUPPORTS CREATION OF WORLD COURT OF JUSTICE.

WASHINGTON, March 4th. President Harding, in his inaugural address, said that the progress of the United States proved the wisdom of the inherited policy of not being involved in the affairs of the Old World. The new administration, he said, did not intend to become entangled in those affairs. The United States cannot become a party to any permanent military alliance, nor assume any foreign economic obligations. Nevertheless, the United States was ready to confer with the nations of the world with a view to recommending a way of almost complete disarmament. He favoured the creation of a world court for the settlement of justiciable questions, which the nations agree to submit to it, but "every commitment of the United States must be made in the exercise of national sovereignty."

The United States, in the new order, will finance trade and meant to promote enlarged activities and seek expanded confidence. As regards "our supreme task," President Harding said, "we shall give no people a just cause to make war on us. We hold no national prejudice, entertain no spirit of revenge, do not hate, covet, nor dread conquest, and do not boast of armed prowess, but if war is again forced on us we earnestly hope a way will be found to unify our individual and collective strength and to consecrate all America, materially and spiritually, to national defence."

President Harding advocated the protection of industries, saying that "higher production costs must be reflected in our import tariffs to-day as never before when peoples are seeking trade restoration and expansion. Custom tariffs must be adjusted in the new order. We cannot sell successfully unless we carry, and opportunities in the new era in production, transportation and trade will best be seized by carrying cargoes in American bottoms to the markets of the world."

EARLIER CABLES. MR. WILSON RESUMES PRACTICE.

WASHINGTON, March 3rd. Mr. Wilson is resuming the practice of law in partnership with Mr. Colby, with offices in New York and Washington.

NEW ADMINISTRATION. MR. JAMES J. DAVIS HAS BEEN APPOINTED SECRETARY OF LABOUR, WHILE MR. GEORGE B. CHRISTIAN HAS BEEN APPOINTED SECRETARY TO THE PRESIDENT.

Mr. James Davis is an active Labour member of the Iron and Steel Workers' Association.

NEW U.S. AMBASSADOR TO ENGLAND. APPOINTMENT OF WELL-KNOWN EDITOR.

LONDON, March 3rd. A Washington message says that Col. George Harvey, proprietor and editor of the *North American Review*, is to be the new Ambassador to England. Colonel Harvey has always been friendly to England.

MANDATES PROBLEM. THE REPLY TO AMERICAN NOTE.

PARIS, March 2nd. In the name of the Council of the League of Nations, Senhor Da Cunha, Brazilian Ambassador to Paris and President of the Council of the League, has replied to the American note regarding the mandates given upon the former German colonies. The Council is assured that the future of Mesopotamia shall not be settled without considering the wishes of America, but about the chief American objection—the Japanese mandate for Yap Island—the Council, after remarking that America has not ratified the peace treaty and has not participated in the League of Nations, said that the granting of territories was in the jurisdiction of the Supreme Council and did not concern the League. Consequently, with the greatest consideration for the American point view the Council had transmitted the American note to the Allied Governments.—*Havas*.

AMERICAN SECURITY DEALERS. RECEIVER APPOINTED.

NEW YORK, March 4th. A receiver has been appointed for Imbitt & Company, security dealers. The liabilities are estimated at nearly \$12,000,000; assets on December 31st, at \$13,500,000.

U.S. ARMY BILL. U.S. NAVAL BILL.

LONDON, March 3rd. The House of Representatives has accepted the Senate's compromise on Army appropriations for 150,000 men. The measure has gone to the President.

It was announced in the Senate that it will be impossible to pass the naval appropriation in the present session, and that a new Bill will be drawn up for a special session, which will probably be called on April 4th.

LATEST CABLES. SHIPPING CRISIS. OWNERS PROPOSE REDUCTION OF PAY.

LONDON, March 4th. A shipping crisis is threatened owing to the shipowners proposing a reduction of pay to officers and seamen by about £3, bringing the seamen's wages to £10, as compared with £13 before the war, and the wages of stewards on passenger ships to £8-15-4d., as compared with £13-10s. monthly. The owners contend that economies in working only means avoiding laying up much more tonnage and causing much unemployment.

AGREEMENT WITH BRITISH ADMIRALTY. ADVERSE REPORT BY U.S. SHIPPING BOARD.

WASHINGTON, March 4th. The Shipping Board, in a report to the Senate, declares that the agreement between the International Mercantile Marine Corporation and the British Admiralty, requiring the corporation to operate ships without incurring British commerce, is inimical to the policy of the United States in respect of the development of its trade and commerce and at variance with the letter and spirit of the Merchant Marine Act of 1920.

SEAPLANE SERVICE. INAUGURATION IN SOUTH FRANCE.

PARIS, March 4th. In view of the possibilities of seaplane traffic, a regular service between Marseilles and Nice has been started. The machines carry two passengers.

U.S. TARIFF BILL. PRESIDENT WILSON'S VETO.

WASHINGTON, March 3rd. President Wilson has vetoed the Emergency Tariff Bill.

NEEDS OF AMERICAN AGRICULTURE. BILL DEAD.

WASHINGTON, March 4th. The House of Representatives has failed to pass the Fordney Emergency Tariff Bill over President Wilson's veto. The bill is now dead.

DAVIS CUP. DENMARK HAS ISSUED A CHALLENGE FOR THE DAVIS CUP.

NEW YORK, March 3rd. Canada has issued a challenge for the Davis Cup.

MR. ESMONDE'S DEPARTURE. OBITUARY.

MELBOURNE, March 4th. Mr. Esmond has sailed for Vancouver on board the *Makura*, on which he had been detained in Sydney harbour since January 11th.

JAPANESE TRADE WITH CHINA. HEAVY DECREASE IN EXPORTS AND IMPORTS.

PARIS, March 4th. The death is announced of General Mercier.

Japan's trade with China registered a heavy decline in January this year, apparently foreshadowing the course of this particular branch of Japan's ocean-borne trade. In exports only the shipments to North and South China displayed an increased showing declines. In imports only the arrivals from Southern China register a small gain.

The total value of exports from Japan to China in January amounted to Y.25,880,000 against Y.23,022,000 for the corresponding month 1920, a decrease of Y.2,858,000. The heaviest fall is registered in the exports to Manchuria, which show a decline of more than Y.2,000,000. In the shipments to Central China there was also a decrease, but its size is not very large. The export trade of the month is summarised as follows:—

January 1921. January 1920.

Manchuria.....Y. 1,831,000 Y. 4,561,000

North China..... 7,138,000 7,165,000

Central China..... 15,581,000 16,283,000

South China..... 30,000 23,000

Total.....Y.25,880,000 Y.23,022,000

The value of imports from China in January amounted to Y.11,010,000 against Y.18,172,000 for the corresponding month, 1920, a decrease of Y.7,162,000. Manchuria and Central China are largely responsible for this heavy decrease. Below a summary of the import trade is given:—

January 1921. January 1920.

Manchuria.....Y. 444,000 Y. 2,446,000

North China..... 5,717,000 6,145,000

Central China..... 4,170,000 9,313,000

South China..... 889,000 268,000

Total.....Y.11,010,000 Y.18,172,000

There is a very much higher spirit of public duty among politicians than the world at large believes.—*H. Hon. H. H. Augustin, M.P.*

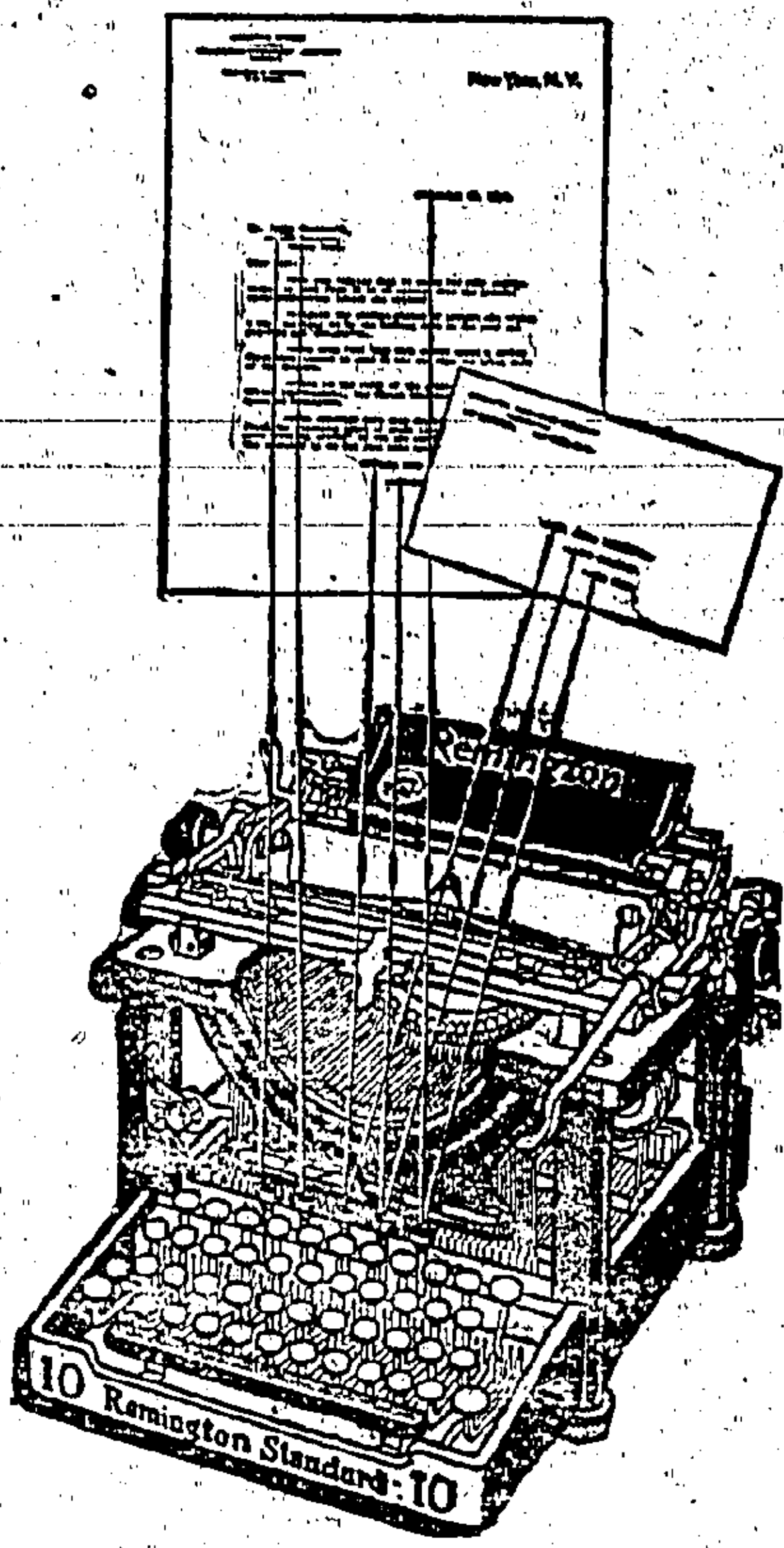
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The Column Selector permits instant movement of the carriage to any point on the line. No stop-to-stop movement; no tedious hand adjustments; just one touch on a key and it is done.

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ST. PAUL'S INSTITUTION PRIZE-GIVING.

LADY STUBBS' GIVES AWAY PRIZES.

The scholars of St. Paul's Institution Anglo-French School, Causeway Bay, gave a delightful entertainment, last evening, and this was followed by the annual distribution of prizes, when Lady Stubbs handed the awards to the successful scholars.

The Rev. FATHER DE MARIA, correspondent of Catholic Schools, read the annual report, which was as follows:—

LEARNING AND HEALTH.—The school premises have already been reported upon as being light, airy, well lighted and ventilated, and in every way suitable. Doctor S. S. Strahan inspected the children and the establishment at the end of June, 1920. He found the children in excellent health and the sanitary arrangements of the school perfect. There has been no sickness amongst the children all through the school year.

ATTENDANCE.—The school continues to maintain a good attendance. The numbers on the rolls for 1919-1920 were 170 and 165 respectively. A number of English girls left for England last year, but most of them have returned to the Colony and are now attending the school. The average attendance for February this year thus shows an increase of 25 per cent. on that of the same month last year.

STAFF.—A new certificated teacher came out from Europe last year to help in the upper classes. The staff is therefore adequate according to the code.

DISCIPLINE.—The discipline throughout the year has been very good. Last year in his report, Mr. Ralph (Inspector of English Schools) remarked that the tone and general spirit prevailing in the school were excellent. I am happy to say that this good spirit still exists, there being an excellent "Entente Cordiale" between teachers and pupils.

EXAMINATIONS.—Six pupils were presented for the local University Examinations, one senior and five juniors. All passed except one junior. Two candidates obtained distinction, one in French and one in Biblical knowledge. The quarterly examinations were held in all classes in December last, and the results were satisfactory. Miss Marjorie Stewart obtained the highest marks in English and won the Luard Scholarship; Miss P. Rutledge won the special test prize presented by the Rev. Father Robert.

Drawing, painting and needlework continue to be favourite subjects, and some excellent results have been obtained in all the classes. The classes for French are well attended and a notable progress has been made by many of the pupils. The special class for Chinese also continues to be very successful. The number attending this class varies from 35 to 40.

These girls are drafted into suitable classes as soon as they are able to follow the regular curriculum. An evening class for Pitman's shorthand was started in January and is well attended, and typewriting is taught to those who desire it. Now modern maps for the teaching of geography were obtained from England during the year. Physical exercises and Swedish drill (according to the Syllabus of the Board of Education at home) have been adopted and prove very beneficial to the pupils. The spacious grounds surrounding the school are particularly suitable for these exercises. The pupils are very keen on Athletics, several having obtained first and second prizes at the different sports held in Hongkong.

In conclusion, the Rev. Mother Superior and the staff wish to thank Lady Stubbs for so kindly coming to give out the prizes, and also the following for their kind contributions towards the prize fund: Sir Robert Ho Tung, Sir Ellis Kadoorie, the Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak, Mrs. Edé, Mrs. Pollock, the Hon. Mr. Ho Fook, Mr. Ho Kom-tong, the Hon. Mr. P. Sien, Dr. Johnson, Mrs. Carroll, Bishop Pozzoni and Rev. Father Robert. They also wish to thank Mr. J. M. Noronha and Mr. Chanatong for kindly arranging the stage for the ceremony, Madame Flint for so kindly providing costumes, also the Electric Light Co. and Mr. Cronin for arranging the lighting, and Mr. Anderson for the loan of a good piano. The Rev. Mother Superior and staff wish to avail themselves of this occasion to thank the Government for the grant of \$10,000 accorded to help to pay the heavy debt incurred by the school building. They wish to thank particularly the Hon. Mr. C. Severn who visited the establishment and who so kindly voted for the Grant.

The following were the principal awards:—
General Proficiency and the Hongkong University Senior Certificate.—Margaret Pon.
General Proficiency, French and the Hongkong University Junior Certificate.—Emilia Rosslet.
General Progress and the Hongkong University Junior Certificate.—Ruby Young.
General Progress and the Hongkong University Junior Certificate.—Elsa Muller.

General Progress, Distinction in French and the Hongkong University Junior Certificate.—Marie Lobato.
English Composition, Literature and Special Prize for Music.—Florrie Hamilton.
English Composition and Literature.—Adeline dos Benedios.
Good Conduct, General Application and French.—Edith Dixon.
English History, Biblical Knowledge, Drawing and Needlework.—Edith Soares.
Good Conduct, General Application, French and Needlework.—Vivian Young.
General Progress.—Gertie Simmons.

Reward for General Application and French.—Mercedes Garrie, Enid Lo.
English Composition, Drawing and Needlework.—Constance Smith.
General Progress, Drawing, Needlework and French.—Rosebud Young.
Geography, Arithmetic and Drawing.—Rosie Xavier.
General Progress and Drawing.—Geraldine Smith.
Arithmetic, Drawing, Needlework and French.—Mary Pau.
General Progress.—Emilie Gaillard.
General Progress and Arithmetic.—Leonora O'Brien.

(Continued at foot of next column.)

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1. A Bottle of "Harlene," the true liquid food and tonic for the hair.
2. A Packet of "Cremex" Shampoo Powder, which prepares the head for "Hair-Drill."
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"HARLENE" MAKES ALL THE DIFFERENCE.

In the course of a few days you will find every strand of your hair waking up to new vitality and new strength—you will find a

new sparkle and freshness revivifying the hair, and all the lost light and shade, as well as the delicate tints of the hair, which have been dulled down, will reawaken, and your hair will rapidly take on a new lease of life and beauty.

"HARLENE" FOR MEN ALSO.

Men, too, find that "Harlene" prevents



All classes of Society are now regularly practising "Harlene Hair-Drill." Men in both our Navy and Army, abroad and at home, Nurses, Factory Workers, indeed, all classes are able to benefit the "too-old at 30, or too young at 10." Everyone is today invited to accept the Free Gift Offer made in this announcement. Simply send your name and address with the Coupon Form below and by return you will receive, without any charge or obligation the complete "Harlene Hair-Drill" Outfit fully described in this announcement.

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ALL NOURISHMENT COCOA

Because

"It yields a delicious beverage containing ALL the constituents able to support Life."—*Lancet*.

General Progress.—Laura Lobato.
Reward for Good Conduct, Application and French.—Isabel Bell.
Reward for Progress.—Edith Anderson.
SPECIAL CERTIFICATES.
Good Conduct, Distinction in Biblical Knowledge, Painting and Needlework.—Emilia Rosslet.

Good Conduct, Music, Painting, French and Needlework.—Elsa Muller.
Good Conduct, French and Needlework.—Ruby Young.
Good Conduct, Music, Drawing and Needlework.—Emilie Gaillard.
Good Conduct, General Application and Regular Attendance.—Jean O'Hoy, Alice Dick.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS.

March 3rd.
Laen Samud, Siam, 1,012 tons, Capt. Virachatra, from Bangkok and Swatow, with a general cargo—Kwang Ngun Song.
Shun Cheong, Chinese str., 233 tons, Capt. Loung San Kong, from K. C. Wan, with a general cargo—Wai Yee.

March 4th.
Amoy Maru, Japanese str., 5,738 tons, Capt. Yawata, from Nagasaki, with a general cargo—T.K.K.
Empress of Asia, British str., 8,883 tons, Capt. A. J. Hailey, R.N.R., from Vancouver, B.C., with a general cargo—C.P.O.S.
Fushimi Maru, Japanese str., 10,928 tons, Capt. B. Shimidzu, from Manila, with a general cargo—N.Y.K.
Hashong, British str., 1,970 tons, Capt. Passmore, from Swatow, with a general cargo—Order.

Hydrangea, British str., 561 tons, Capt. J. E. Drummond, from Swatow, with a general cargo—Chin On S.S. Co.
Xiao Maru, Japanese str., 2,015 tons, Capt. S. Nomura, from Swatow, with a general cargo—M.B.K.
Kansu, British str., 1,143 tons, Capt. Sutor, from Shanghai and Swatow, with a general cargo—B. & S.
Kashgar, British str., 5,838 tons, Capt. Smith, from Shanghai, with a general cargo—Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co.

Nichiren Maru, Japanese str., 1,189 tons, Capt. Funakoshi, from Nagasaki, with a general cargo—M.B.K.
Shantung, British str., 1,560 tons, Capt. Monkmann, from Shanghai, with a general cargo—B. & S.

Shien Maru, Japanese str., 2,207 tons, Capt. Machihara, from Singapore, with a general cargo—O.S.K.
Singau, British str., 1,847 tons, Capt. Ishibashi, from Daini, with a general cargo—B. & S.

Talithyria, British str., 6,514 tons, Capt. Mansfield, from Manila, with a general cargo—B. & S.
Tamara, British str., 1,356 tons, Capt. Milne, from Manila, with a general cargo—B. & S.

Yei Maru No. 2, Japanese str., 1,625 tons, Capt. Nishikawa, from Chiangwang, with a general cargo—Dodwell & Co.

CLEARANCES.

March 4th.
Alderamin, for Shanghai.
Hydrangea, for Swatow.
Kansu, for Canton.
Kashgar, for London.
Kashima Maru, for Moji.
Kishu Maru, for Keelung.
Loony Sang, for Manila.
Rokkuno Maru, for Takao.
Rupara, for Sourabaya.
Shantung, for Canton.
Shuncheong, for K. C. Wan.
Singau, for Canton.
Talanon, for Shanghai.

PASSENGERS.

Per s.s. *Kaito Maru*, from Swatow, on March 4th: Mr. E. Kingen, Mr. A. Legant and Mr. O. Hechtel.
 Per s.s. *Haihong*, from Swatow, on March 4th: Sister Hilare, Sister Maria Lea, Mrs. Miss and Master Fincher, Miss Packard, Mr. C. B. Brook, Miss Alice and Miss E. Daines.
 Per N.Y.K. s.s. *Fushimi Maru*: Mr. and Mrs. L. V. Hochanner, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Arberry, Master H. G. Arberry, Miss A. G. Arberry, Master J. O. Cornelia, Mr. E. G. Greuter, Mr. F. V. Fernandez, Mr. W. Staller, Mrs. E. Staller, Mr. G. R. Haywood, Mr. S. Mendez.

Per R.H.S. *Empress of Asia*, from Vancouver, via ports, on March 4th: Mr. B. Allen, Mr. I. Allen, Mrs. C. Atwood, Mr. E. H. Arne, Mr. F. B. Arnold, Mr. J. H. Acauan, Mrs. O. Ashurst, Mr. H. Brostedt, Mr. J. Brister, Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Bosworth, Lt. Col. and Mrs. V. D. Birchall, Mr. A. C. Black, Miss L. Bronnan, Mr. A. Biggerstaff, Mrs. and Master Biggerstaff, Mr. J. B. Blyth, Dr. J. B. Blyth, Mr. J. C. Coit, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Cogswell, Miss E. Congdon, Mrs. J. B. Cole, Miss F. Cheokley, Mr. A. Carvalho, Miss M. Davis, Mr. S. A. Dowdoby, Mr. G. U. Da Rosa, Mr. E. L. Frost, Mrs. H. G. Foraker, Mrs. A. and Miss P. Flores, Mr. W. F. Guthrie, Mr. M. H. Gould, Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Gregg, Mr. V. S. Giles, Mr. E. H. Hoyt, Mr. F. W. Hethfield, Mr. R. H. Hancock, Miss G. M. Harrison, Mr. H. A. Jacobs, Mrs. E. Jack, Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Jones, Mr. T. M. Knight, Mr. G. H. Kennebeck, Mr. H. L. G. Lacelle-Higham, Mrs. H. L. G. Lacelle-Higham, Mr. E. L. Little, Mr. A. W. Little, Jr., Mrs. G. M. Lawrence, Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Marshall, Miss C. Marshall, Mr. R. A. May, Mr. C. B. Michell, Miss M. A. Muir, Mr. and Mrs. R. A. McGrath, Mrs. E. T. and Master Miles, Mrs. H. McDonald, Mr. R. J. Morrison, Mrs. and Miss Massey, Mr. and Mrs. E. Nixon-Westwood, Mr. H. M. O'Neill, Mrs. C. Olney, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Palmer, Mrs. B. Powrie, Mr. P. Egan, Mr. F. W. Picas, Mr. J. Pardon, Mr. J. Portelange, Mr. E. H. Rankin, Mr. and Mrs. B. Rowland, Capt. S. A. Rykalin, Mr. J. Boyer, Mr. E. Razon, Mr. and Mrs. R. Schmitt, Miss A. Schmitt, Mrs. A. K. Shoup, Mr. J. B. Sawyer, Miss M. Sanz, Mr. and Mrs. W. Schultz, Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Shora, Mr. and Master D. J. Santos, Mr. E. N. Sellery, Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Swift, Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Van Boush, Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Waterbury, Dr. and Mrs. J. E. Weeks, Miss L. E. Wilson, Mr. M. R. Walker, Mr. M. Wagon, Mrs. A. E. Weber, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Watt, Mr. M. F. Young, Mr. E. H. Young, Mr. D. Corey, Mr. E. J. Everett, Mr. G. Fernandez, Mr. and Mrs. M. Grant, Mr. A. Ison, Mr. L. Model, Mr. and Mrs. A. K. Reiton, Mr. H. K. Sutherland, Mr. W. P. Sweeney, Mr. and Mrs. E. and Miss G. Trefault, Mrs. M. Wallace, Mrs. and Master L. Westfall.

DEPARTURES.

Per s.s. *Kashgar*, on March 5th: Mr. and Mrs. Pearl, Mr. H. S. Roos, Mr. R. L. Bridger, Mr. F. A. Mackintosh, Mr. and Mrs. E. O. Peters, Mr. H. S. Ball, Dr. and Mrs. Jackson, Mr. Drummond, Mr. Todd, Mr. Sellery, Miss Dunlop, Mrs. Jeanne Hogg, Mrs. and Miss Lavers, Com. A. de Tremont, Capt. E. P. Partridge, Countess T. de Beaulieu, Mr. Hethfield, Mr. and Mrs. P. W. Nani, Mrs. and Mrs. K. Wilson, Mr. A. H. Windett, Mr. Wilsons, Mr. and Mrs. P. Jacks, Mrs. Coiran, Mr. and Mrs. V. D. Parr, Mr. Laming, Mr. Reim, Mr. and Mrs. Simmu, Mr. H. E. Hollands, Mr. G. Towns, Mrs. Leigh-Garner, Dr. and Mrs. Cundall, Mr. A. Mitchell, Mr. and Mrs. Sorensen, Sister Mabel, Miss Choep, Mr. Raux, Sister Barbara, Miss Grosjean, Mrs. Miskelly, Mrs. Dransfield, Mr. C. B. Bernard, Mr. A. W. Woolley, Sgt. Major Wise, Mr. E. Levin, Mrs. MacArthur, Mr. Flouney, Mr. E. Walton, Mr. J. MacArthur, Insp. and Mrs. Caygill, Insp. and Mrs. Pincott, Mr. and Mrs. Clay, Mr. Ireson and Mr. Dransfield.

SHIPPING REPORT.

The *Haihong* reports having been fog-bound for two days outside Swatow.

SHIPPING MOVEMENT.

The B.I. and Apar line s.s. *Gregory Apar* left Singapore for this port on the morning of the 3rd instant, and is due here on the 5th instant.

VESSELS EXPECTED.

Agapenor (Blue Funnel), due April 17th.
Ajao (Blue Funnel line), due March 6th.
Alloy (Barber line), from New York, due about March 20th.
Aureus (Blue Funnel), due March 11th.
Autolichus (Blue Funnel), due March 12th.

Cadoretta (Admiral line), from Saigon, due about April 5th.
Chakrata (P. & O.), due March 5th about 8 a.m.
Coazet (Admiral line), from Portland Ore., due about April 5th.

Croatia (Admiral line), from Seattle, Wash., due about April 6th.
Egypt (Blue Funnel), due March 18th.
Empress of Asia, due to-day, at daylight.
Euryades (Blue Funnel), due April 30th.
Glymont (Admiral line), from Saigon, due about March 15th.

Helene (Blue Funnel line), from Shanghai, due to-morrow.
Idomeneus (Blue Funnel line), from England, due March 11th.
Inaba Maru (N.Y.K.), from London, due March 17th.

Jaon (Blue Funnel), due March 10th.
Japon (N.Y.K.), from Japan, due March 8th.
Komatsura Maru (N.Y.K.), from Liverpool, due April 10th.

Lake Onawa (Admiral line), from Saigon, due about March 25th.
Monteagle, due March 14th, at 7 a.m.
Nikko Maru (N.Y.K.), from Australia, due March 15th.

Pavlet (Admiral line), from Manila, P.I., due about March 10th.
Perrhus (Blue Funnel), due March 31st.
Satsuma (Barber line), from Shanghai, due about March 15th.

Toyooka Maru (N.Y.K.), due March 7th.
Yamashiro (Blue Funnel), due April 10th.
Wakata Maru (N.Y.K.), from Liverpool, due March 6th.

Wheatland Montana (Admiral line), from Singapore, due about March 12th.

HONGKONG METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

Hongkong Observatory, March 4th

	Previous Day at 2 p.m.	On Date at 6 a.m.	On Date at 2 p.m.
Barometer	30.01	30.11	30.11
Temperature	52	48	58
Humidity	68	75	48
Wind Direction	North	North	North
Force	2	1	3
Weather	0.14	0	0.51
Rain			

Highest open-air Temperature on 3rd... 58
 Lowest open-air Temperature on 4th... 43

LOS ANGELES PACIFIC NAVIGATION COMPANY

(TRANS-PACIFIC FREIGHT SERVICE)

Operating United States Shipping Board Steamers

HONGKONG TO LOS ANGELES, CAL., U.S.A.

Due Inwards About Sailing About

s.s. "WEST HIKU" 1st April. s.s. "WEST HIKU" 2nd April.

s.s. "WEST HIXTON" 1st May. s.s. "WEST HIXTON" 3rd May.

Through Bills of Lading to all U.S. ports. Shipside connection with Salt Lake, Santa Fe and Southern Pacific Railroads.

Telephone 1062.

CHAR. E. RICHARDSON, General Agent for South China, Prince's Buildings, Chester Road.

(9)

NEW YORK DIRECT

Joint Service of the

"BLUE FUNNEL" LINE

OCEAN S.S. CO., LTD., and CHINA MUTUAL S.S. CO., LTD.

AND

AMERICAN & MANCHURIAN LINE

(JELLERMAN & BUCKNELL S.S. CO., LTD.)

Sailings from Hongkong:

"KENTUCKY" ... 5th Mar.

"LAURENCE" ... 22nd Mar.

"KANTAN" ... 5th Apr.

"CITY OF DUNKIRK" ... 20th Apr.

* call at 100/12

Steamers proceed via Suez Canal or Panama Canal at Owners' option.

Subject to change without notice.

For freight and particulars apply to—

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, or THE BANK LINE LTD. HONGKONG

HONGKONG and CANTON.

UNCLAIMED TELEGRAMS.

The following unclaimed telegrams are lying in the Great Northern Telegraph Company's office at Hongkong:—

Miss Ledenburg, Reptul, Bay Hotel, ... Peking
 Alton, ... Shanghai
 Liang Sue Kai, c/o Russian Bank, ... Shanghai
 Augustus White, Hongkong Hotel, ... Kobe
 Pivity, ... Kobe
 Chen Koo, ... Shanghai
 Man Woo Loung, ... Osaka
 Yeeling Hotel, Cheong Mow, ... Shanghai
 Hong Kam, Feng Shun, ... Amoy
 Chung Shu, ... Amoy

The following is a list of unclaimed telegrams lying in the Eastern Extension, Australasia and China Telegraph Company's office at Hongkong:—

ADDRESSES: I. P. Allen (2), ... Seattle
 Birch, c/o Seaborn, ... Shillong
 Cook, c/o Dodwell, ... Melbourne
 Danikafu, ... Saigon
 P. G. ... New York
 Hulsebust, ... San Francisco
 Kaketylon, ... Bradford
 Khango, ... Bangkok
 Ross Lloyd Station Hospital, ... Darjeeling
 Parmasand Indian, ... Calcutta
 Rumrit, ... London
 Yokuyou, ... Keelung

CHURCH SERVICES.

St. JOHN'S CATHEDRAL, Hongkong.
 4th Sunday in Lent, March 6th, 1921. Holy Communion (7.50 a.m.). Children's Service (10 a.m.). Matins (11 a.m.). Cathedral Choir. Responses, Psalms, Hymns, etc. After 1.30: Te Deum, Oakeley, Turle, Tallis (2nd day); Benedictus, Troutbeck; Anthem, "Lead kindly Light." Stainer; Hymn, 197. N.B.—Psalms 149 verses 1, 4, 14, 101, 156, 159 in unison; Hymn 197, verses 1, 6, in unison.

Preacher, The Rt. Rev. The Lord Bishop of Victoria.
 Subject: Christianity in relation to international and industrial problems.
 Holy Communion (11.30 a.m.). Evening Service (6 p.m.). Auxiliary Choir. Responses, Psalms, Hymns, etc. After 1.30: Te Deum, Oakeley, Turle, Tallis (2nd day); Benedictus, Troutbeck; Anthem, "Lead kindly Light." Stainer; Hymn, 197. N.B.—Psalms 149 verses 1, 4, 14, 101, 156, 159 in unison; Hymn 197, verses 1, 6, in unison.

N.B.—Organ Recital on Monday, March 7th, at 8.15 p.m.

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UNION CHURCH (Kennedy Road).

Sunday Services, March 6th.
 Morning Service at 11 a.m., Psalm 124 (Old 124th); Hymns, 5, 668, 223, 148; Subject of Sermon, "Life in the Spirit." Evening Service at 8 p.m., Hymns, 254, 238, 256. N.B.—Psalms 40, verses 1, 5, 6, 13, 30, 21; in unison; Hymn, 254 verses 1, 3, 7, in unison; Hymn, 254, verse 4, in unison.

N.B.—Organ Recital on Monday, March 7th, at 8.15 p.m.

Preacher, Rev. J. Kirk Macdonald.

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UNION CHURCH (Kennedy Road).

Sunday Evening Service. A series of addresses on the Lord's Prayer, "The alphabet of all possible prayer," will be given on successive Sunday evenings at under:
 Part I. God's Glory—March 6. The Father in Heaven; March 13. The Holy Name; March 20. The Desired Kingdom; March 27. The Father's Will. Part II. Man's Need:—April 3. The Prayer for Bread; April 10. The Prayer against evil; April 17. The Prayer for Pardon. Hours of Service, at 6 p.m. All are welcome. J. Kirk Macdonald, Minister.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND MILITARY SERVICES.

Sunday, March 6th, 1921.

7 a.m. Holy Communion, Hospital.

8 a.m. Parade Service and Holy Communion, Cathedral.

10.50 a.m. Parade Service, Stonecutters South.

5.45 p.m. Evening Service, Hospital.

6.45 p.m. Evening Service, Chaplain's Room.

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FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST SCIENTISTS, MacDonnell Road. Sunday, 11.15 a.m. Wednesday, 5.45 p.m.

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C.P.O.S.

SAILINGS.

HONGKONG to VANCOUVER.

via Shanghai, Nagasaki, (Moji), Kobe and Yokohama

From Hongkong to Vancouver

EMPEROR OF JAPAN ... Mar. 22 Apr. 18

EMPEROR OF ASIA ... Mar. 24 Apr. 20

EMPEROR OF RUSSIA ... Apr. 7 May 1

EMPEROR OF JAPAN ... Apr. 24 May 18

EMPEROR OF ASIA ... May 17 June 1

EMPEROR OF RUSSIA ... May 28 June 18

EMPEROR OF JAPAN ... June 14 July 8

EMPEROR OF ASIA ... June 25 July 11

EMPEROR OF RUSSIA ... July 7 July 28

EMPEROR OF JAPAN ... July 18 Aug. 8

EMPEROR OF ASIA ... Aug. 18 Sept. 8

Passengers to Europe are strongly urged to commence the early date of the Atlantic sailing desired prior to, and as far in advance as possible, their departure from the Orient.

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POST OFFICE NOTICE

INWARD MAILS.

FROM	PER	DATE
SHANGHAI	Vigo	5th inst.
SHANGHAI	Yingchow	5th inst.
SHANGHAI	Ichang	5th inst.
EUROPE via Suez (Newspapers only)	Seang Bee	5th inst.
SHANGHAI	Chakras	5th inst.
SHANGHAI	Wakasa Maru	5th inst.
SHANGHAI	Tyentain	5th inst.
SHANGHAI	Toyooka Maru	5th inst.
SHANGHAI	Krist	5th inst.
SHANGHAI	Gregory Apcar	5th inst.

OUTWARD MAILS.

FOR	PER	DATE
Straits, Bangkok, Ceylon, Mauritius, L. Marques, South Africa, India via Suez, Egypt, Aden & EUROPE via MARSHALL IS.	Kashgar	Saturday 5th. 8.30 A.M.
Straits and Bangkok	Euryalus	Saturday 5th. 11.00 A.M.
Shanghai and North China	Soochow	Saturday 5th. 11.00 A.M.
Java Port via Batavia	Tyentain	Saturday 5th. 1.00 P.M.
Swatow, Amoy, and Foochow	Hai Hong	Saturday 5th. 1.00 P.M.
Hilo	Kentucky	Saturday 5th. 1.00 P.M.
Straits, Bangkok, Calcutta, and Aden	Kumang	Saturday 5th. 2.00 P.M.
Canada, United States, Central and South America and EUROPE via SAN FRANCISCO	Tasavus	Saturday 5th. 2.00 P.M.
Straits and Bangkok	Registration	2.15 P.M.
Straits and Bangkok	Letters	3.00 P.M.
Straits and Bangkok	Van C. on	Saturday 5th. 3.00 P.M.
Straits and Bangkok	Kocher	Saturday 5th. 4.30 P.M.
Hilo and Bangkok	Changchun	Saturday 5th. 5.00 P.M.
Shanghai and North China	Yingchow	Sunday 6th. 9.00 A.M.
Swatow, Amoy, and Keelung	Kiao Maru	Sunday 6th. 9.00 A.M.
Swatow and Bangkok	Changchun	Sunday 6th. 9.00 P.M.
Tientsin	Changchun	Monday 7th. 5.00 P.M.
Shanghai and North China	Changchun	Monday 7th. 5.00 P.M.
Amoy, Shanghai, and North China	Changchun	Monday 7th. 5.00 P.M.
Swatow, Amoy, and Foochow	Changchun	Monday 7th. 5.00 P.M.
Straits and Bangkok	Changchun	Monday 7th. 5.00 P.M.
Amoy, and Philippine Islands	Changchun	Monday 7th. 5.00 P.M.
Tientsin	Changchun	Monday 7th. 5.00 P.M.
Hilo and Bangkok	Changchun	Monday 7th. 5.00 P.M.
Shanghai, North China, Japan, Canada, United States, Central and South America, and EUROPE via VICTORIA B.C.	Fushimi Maru	Monday 7th. 8.45 A.M.

* Correspondence bearing vessel's name only.

THE BLUE FUNNEL LINE.

REGULAR AND FAST FREIGHT AND PASSENGER SERVICES LONDON SERVICE (DIRECT).

"HELENUS"	8th MAR. London, Amsterdam & Hamburg.
"STENTOR"	11th MAR. London, Amsterdam & Antwerp.
"KEEMUN"	23rd MAR. London, Amsterdam & Hamburg.
"NINGCHOW"	6th APR. London, Amsterdam & Antwerp.
"THESEUS"	12th APR. London, Rotterdam & Hamburg.

LIVERPOOL SERVICE

"TELAMON"	22nd MAR. Singapore & Liverpool.
"KT. OF THE GARTER"	29th MAR. Genoa, M'illes, L'pool & G'gow.
"IDOMENEUS"	12th APR. Havre & Liverpool.
"AJAX"	19th APR. Genoa, M'illes, L'pool & G'gow.

PACIFIC SERVICE

"TALHYBIUS"	16th MAR. } Victoria, Seattle & Vancouver.
"TYNDAREUS"	6th APR. }
"PROTESILAUS"	4th MAY }

NEW YORK SERVICE

"EURYPIUS"	3rd MAR. via Suez.
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HOMEWARD PASSENGER SERVICE

"STENTOR"	11th MAR. for London.
"IDOMENEUS"	12th APR. for Liverpool.
"PYRREUS"	3rd MAY. for London.
"ANCHISES"	10th JUN. for Liverpool.
"TEIRESIAS"	7th JULY for London.

FOR FREIGHT AND ALL INFORMATION APPLY TO—
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, AGENTS.

KONINKLYKE PAKETVAART MAATSCHAPPY.

(ROYAL PACKET NAVIGATION CO. OF BATAVIA)

THE STEAMSHIP

"VAN CLOON"

will be despatched to
SINGAPORE and BELAWAN-DELI.
the 4th of March.

This vessel offers excellent cabin accommodation for saloon passengers.

Single and double cabins.
Wireless Telegraphy.

For Freight and passage apply to—

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN-LYN,

Telephone No. 1574. Agents.

COMMERCIAL

OPENING QUOTATIONS.

ON	PER	DATE
ON LONDON	March 4th	
Telegraphic Transfer	1/16	
Bank Bills, on demand	1/16	
Bank Bills, at 30 days sight	1/16	
Bank Bills, at 4 months sight	1/16	
Credit, at 4 months sight	1/16	
Documentary Bills, 4 months sight	1/16	
ON PARIS		
Bank Bills, on demand	610	
Credit, 4 months sight	610	
ON NEW YORK		
Bank Bills, on demand	44 1/2	
Credit, at 60 days sight	47 1/2	
ON BOMBAY		
Telegraphic Transfer	17 1/2	
Bank Bills, on demand	17 1/2	
ON CALCUTTA		
Telegraphic Transfer	17 1/2	
Bank Bills, on demand	17 1/2	
ON SHANGHAI		
Bank Bills, at sight	102	
Private, 30 days sight	91	
ON YOKOHAMA		
On demand—Pescos	102	
ON SINGAPORE		
On demand	98	
ON BATAVIA		
On demand	127	
ON HONGKONG		
On demand	nom.	
ON SAIGON		
On demand	92 1/2	
SOVEREIGN BANK'S Buying Rate	\$3.50	
Gold 100 fine, per tael	\$52.80	
Bar Silver per oz.	31 1/2	
Per cent		
Hongkong \$1 cents piece	\$0.10 Discount.	
Hongkong 10	0.40	
Canton 10	17.50	
Canton 10	0.00	

HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK.

THE business of the above Bank is conducted by the HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION. Rules may be obtained on application.

INTEREST on deposits is allowed on the Minimum Monthly Balances at 3 1/2 per cent per annum.

For the HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.
A. G. STEPHENSON, Chief Manager.
Hongkong, December 29th, 1920.

THE BANK OF CHINA.

(Specially authorized by Presidential Mandate of the Republic of China on the 22nd of November, 1917.)

Authorized Capital	\$60,000,000.00
Paid-up Capital	12,779,800.00
Reserve Funds	7,798,923.00

HEAD OFFICE—PEKING.
HONGKONG BRANCH—20-21, Canton Road Central. Branches and Sub-branches all over China, and Correspondents in Japan, New York, San Francisco, Singapore and Manila.London Bankers:—The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
The Guaranty Trust Company of New York.
New York Bankers:—The Irving National Bank.Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits. Terms on application.
Every description of Banking Business transacted.Loans granted on approved securities.
Special facilities for Home Exchange.
Interest on Fixed Deposits at the following rates:—

For 3 months, 3 per cent. per annum.	
For 6 months, 4 per cent. per annum.	
For 12 months, 5 per cent. per annum.	

TSUYER PEI, Manager.
Hongkong, February 7th, 1921.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA & CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1859.
HEAD OFFICE—LONDON.

Paid-up Capital	\$2,000,000
Reserve Fund	\$2,500,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	\$2,000,000

FOREIGN EXCHANGE and General Banking business transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS open and FIXED DEPOSITS received for 1 year or shorter periods at rates which will be quoted on application.A. H. FERGUSON, Acting Manager.
Hongkong, February 23rd, 1921.

BANQUE INDUSTRIELLE DE CHINE (FRENCH BANK).

Subscribed Capital	Fr. 150,000,000
Paid Up Capital	Fr. 75,000,000
Reserve Funds	Fr. 80,000,000
Deposits	Fr. 685,000,000

The Chinese Government owns one-third of the Capital.
Chairman of the Board: Andre Berthelot.
General Manager: A. J. Fournet.HEAD OFFICE: 74, Rue Saint-Lazare, PARIS.
BRANCHES: Lyon, Hongkong, Yunnanfu, Hankow, Shanghai, Singapore, Fookchow, Canton, Swatow, Yokohama, Hankow, Moukden, New York, London, Antwerp, Bordeaux, Yantai, Pnom-Penh, Dunkerque, Batavia.BANKERS: In FRANCE: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
In LONDON: London Joint City & Midland Bank, Ltd.
In SAN FRANCISCO: Crocker National Bank.Correspondents in the Chief Commercial Centres of the World.
Telegraphic Address: OIBANKIND.Interest on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Local Currency and in Gold Terms on application.
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
Special facilities for French exchange.M. MONTAGNIER, Manager.
Hongkong, January 29th, 1921.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Head Office: Hongkong.

Paid-up Capital	\$15,000,000
Reserve Funds	\$2,500,000
— Sterling	\$11,500,000
— Silver	\$1,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	\$15,000,000

Court of Directors: G. T. M. EDWARDS, Esq., Chairman. G. M. DOWELL, Esq., Deputy Chairman. A. H. COMPTON, Esq., A. O. LANG, Esq., A. S. GUBBAY, Esq., Hon. Mr. E. V. D. PARR, Hon. Mr. P. H. HOLYOAK, W. L. PATTENDEN, Esq., Hon. Mr. J. JOHNSTON, J. A. PLUMMER, Esq.

Chief Manager: A. G. STEPHENSON, Esq.
Manager: Hongkong—A. H. BARLOW, Esq.
Acting Manager: Shanghai—G. H. STITT, Esq.

LONDON BANKERS: LONDON COUNTY WESTMINSTER & PARKS BANK, LTD.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened in local CURRENCY and FIXED DEPOSITS received for one year or shorter periods in local Currency and Sterling on terms which will be quoted on application.
Hongkong, February 26th, 1921.

THE CHINA SPECIE BANK, LTD.

HEAD OFFICE: 81, GEORGE'S BUILDING, HONGKONG.
Chairman of Board of Directors: MR. WONG SHU HAM.
Chief Manager: MR. L. S. HOLM.
Asst. Manager: MR. K. T. WONG.
Hongkong Manager: MR. I. P. ALLAN.Foreign exchange and General Banking business transacted.
Current, Savings, and Fixed Deposits bear interest at rates of 2 per cent, 4 per cent and 5 per cent. per annum, respectively.
L. S. HOLM, Chief Manager.
Hongkong, October 2nd, 1920.

THE BANK OF EAST ASIA, Limited.

HEAD OFFICE: No. 2, Queen's Road Central, HONGKONG. Established 1918.
PAID-UP CAPITAL: \$2,000,000.00
RESERVE FUND: \$500,000.00

DIRECTORS: Mr. Pura Wai Tze, Chairman, Mr. Chow Shou Son, Mr. Kan Ying Po, Mr. Li Koon Chun, Mr. Mok Ching Hong, Mr. Fung Ping Shan, Mr. Wong Yui Tong, Mr. P. K. Kwok, Mr. Chan Ching Suk, Mr. Ng Chang Lok, Mr. Kan Chin Nam.

Chief Manager: Mr. Kan Tong Po.
Asst. Manager: Mr. Li Tse Fong.

BRANCHES & AGENCIES: LONDON, NEW YORK, SHANGHAI, SAN FRANCISCO, KOBE, YOKOHAMA, NAGASAKI, SAIGON, SINGAPORE, PENANG, TIENTSIN, HANKOW, MANILA, BATAVIA, SAMARANG.

London Bankers:—The London Joint City and Midland Bank, Ltd.
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
Loans granted on approved securities.
Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on Savings Accounts from 2 per cent. per annum, and on Fixed Deposits at the following rates:—

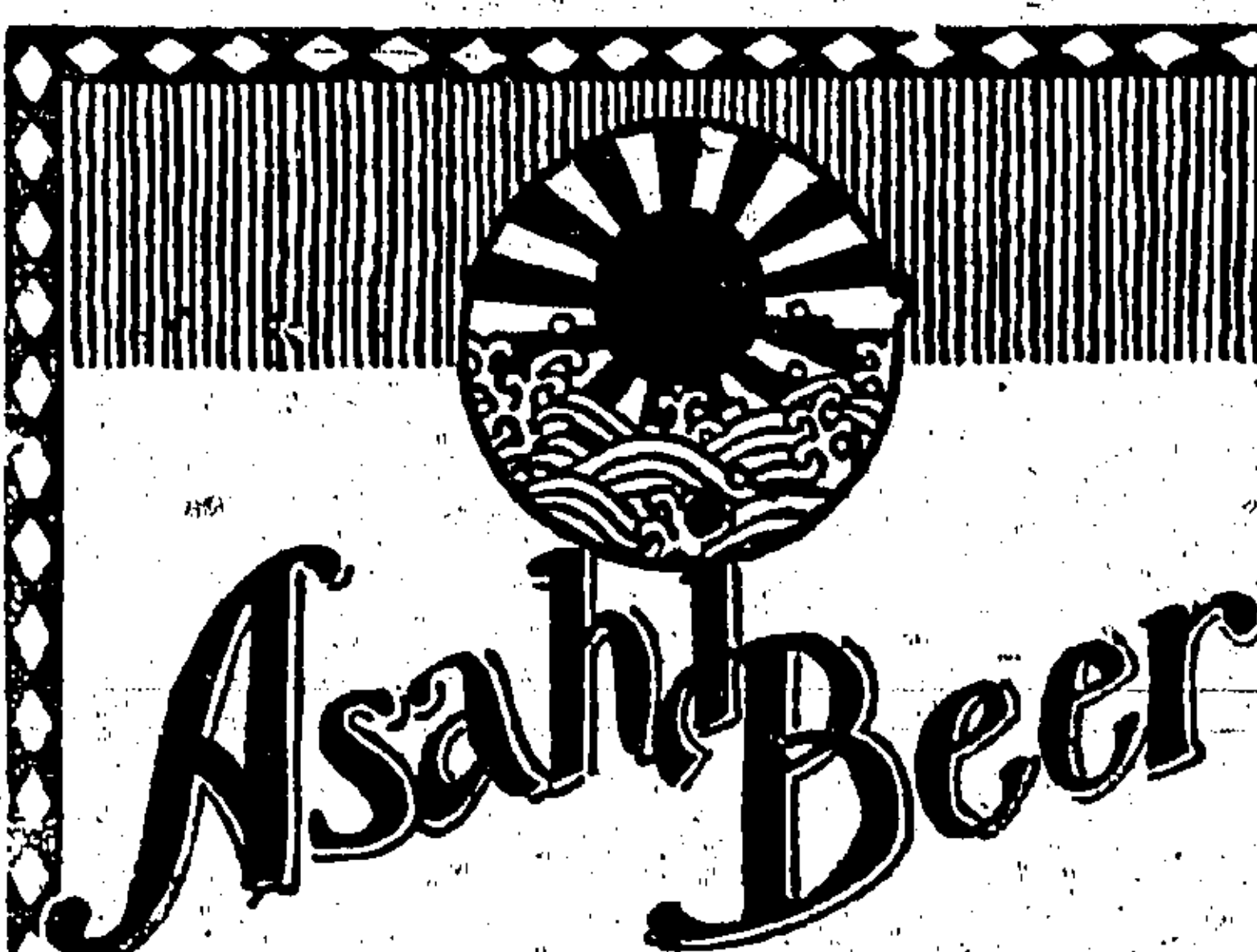
For 3 months at the rate of 2 1/2 per cent.	
For 6 months at the rate of 3 per cent.	
For 12 months at the rate of 3 1/2 per cent.	

KAN TONG PO, Chief Manager.
Hongkong, October 1st, 1920.

THE BANK OF TAIWAN, Limited.

(TAIWAN BANK).
Incorporated by Special Imperial Charter, 1899.
Capital Subscribed: Yen 80,000,000.
Capital (Paid-up): Yen 40,000,000.
Reserve Funds: Yen 9,800,000.HEAD OFFICE—TAIPEH, FORMOSA.
BRANCHES: JAPAN—Tokyo, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Moji.
FORMOSA—Gilan, Kagi, Karenko, Keelung, Makung, Nanto, Fusan, Shimon, Tainan, Tainan, Takow, Tamsui, Tientsin, Aikou.CHINA—Shanghai, Hankow, Kinkiang, Amoy, Fookchow, Swatow, Canton.
OTHERS—Hongkong, Bangkok, Singapore, Soerabaya, Semarang, Batavia, Bombay, London, New York.

LONDON BANKERS: LONDON COUNTY WESTMINSTER & PARKS BANK.

The Bank has Correspondents in Commercial Centres in the European Continent, Russia, Manchuria, Tientsin, Japan, Indo-China, Siam, India, Philippine Islands, Java and other Dutch Indies, Australia, America, &c.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits at rates which will be quoted on application.S. KONDOH, Manager.
HONGKONG BRANCH, 8, Des Voeux Road Central, Hongkong, September 1st, 1920.


Asahi Beer

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DAI NIPPON BREWERY COMPANY, LIMITED.

TOKYO, JAPAN

SOLE AGENTS:

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WATERHOUSE LINE.

TRANS-PACIFIC FREIGHT SERVICE.

Operating the following U.S. Shipping Board Steamers

SEATTLE-TACOMA-VICTORIA-VANCOUVER

via Kobe and Yokohama.

"WEST JAPPA" 15th March.

Further sailings to be announced later. Through Bills of Lading issued to all Overland Common points in U.S. and Canada.

For rates and further particulars apply to—

FRANK WATERHOUSE & COMPANY, 1st Floor, Hotel Manassas, Telephone 2507

ASIA BANKING CORPORATION

(AN AMERICAN BANK.)

Capital	U.S. \$4,000,000
Surplus and Undivided Profits	U.S. \$1,489,000

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK. BRANCH: SAN FRANCISCO.

Head Office for the Orient, SHANGHAI.

BRANCHES: CANTON, HANKOW, MANILA, TIENTSIN, CHANGSHA, PEKING, SINGAPORE.

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THE MERCHANT BANK OF INDIA, Limited.

15, Gracechurch Street, London, E.C. 3.

Authorized Capital	£3,000,000
Subscribed Capital	£1,800,000
Paid-up Capital	£1,350,000
Reserve Fund	£1,050,000

Bankers: THE BANK OF ENGLAND, THE LONDON JOINT CITY & MIDLAND BANK, LTD.

Branches: Bombay, Hongkong, Kuala Lumpur, Rangoon, Calcutta, Madras, Shanghai, Colombo, Kandy, New York, Singapore, Delhi, Karachi, Penang, Galle, Kota Bharu, Port Louis (Mauritius).

HONGKONG BRANCH: Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
INTEREST allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance, and on Fixed Deposits at rates that may be ascertained on application.
N. C. WILSON, Acting Manager.

7, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong, June 30th, 1920.

THE INDUSTRIAL & COMMERCIAL BANK, LTD.

Head Office: 6, Des Voeux Road Central, Hongkong Branch: Panoff Building.

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN BANKING SERVICE PROMPT.

CURRENT, Savings, and Fixed Deposits bear interest at rates of 2 per cent, 4 per cent, 5 per cent. respectively.
Inquiry on our SPECIAL SERVICE will be welcome.J. USANG LY, Manager.
Hongkong, July 7th, 1919.

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Printed and Published by HENRY ADLERSON CARTWRIGHT, for THE HONGKONG DAILY PRESS, LTD., at 10, Des Voeux Road Central, Victoria, Hongkong. London Office 131, Fleet Street, E.C.

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Customers are requested to

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THE DAIRY FARM, ICE & COLD STORAGE CO., LTD.

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